### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### Form 10-Q

✓ Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or For the quarterly period ended May 31, 2022		curities Exchange Act of 1934							
☐ Transition Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from to									
Commission file n									
(Exact name of Registrant	as specified in its ch	narter)							
Minnesota		41-0251095							
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)							
5500 Cenex Drive Inver Grove Heights, Minnesota 55077 (Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)  (651) 355-6000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)  Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:									
Title of each class	Trading symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered							
8% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock	CHSCP	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC							
Class B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, Series 1	CHSCO	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC							
Class B Reset Rate Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, Series 2	CHSCN	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC							
Class B Reset Rate Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, Series 3	CHSCM	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC							
Class B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, Series 4	CHSCL	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC							
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all rep Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for sucl and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 <b>Yes</b> ☑	n shorter period that the days.								
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted elect to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the was required to submit such files).  Yes ☑	e preceding 12 month								
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerate company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the	"large accelerated file								
Large accelerated filer $\square$ Accelerated filer $\square$ Non-accelerated filer	☑ Smaller reporting	ig company $\square$ Emerging growth company $\square$							
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the Recomplying with any new or revised financial accounting standards		•							
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company $\mathbf{Yes} \square$		b-2 of the Exchange Act).							

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

The issuer has no common stock outstanding.

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Unless the context otherwise requires, for purposes of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the words "CHS," "we," "us" and "our" refer to CHS Inc., a Minnesota cooperative corporation, and its subsidiaries as of May 31, 2022.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains, and our other publicly available documents may contain, and our officers, directors and other representatives may from time to time make "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements can be identified by words such as "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "goal," "seek," "believe," "project," "estimate," "expect," "strategy," "future," "likely," "may," "should," "will" and similar references to future periods. Forward-looking statements are neither historical facts nor assurances of future performance. Instead, they are based only on our current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the future of our businesses, financial condition and results of operations, future plans and strategies, projections, anticipated events and trends, the economy and other future conditions. Because forward-looking statements relate to the future, they are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict and many of which are outside of our control. Our actual results and financial condition may differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements. Therefore, you should not place undue reliance on any of these forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause our actual results and financial condition to differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements are discussed or identified in our public filings made with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, including in the "Risk Factors" discussion in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2021, and Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. These factors may include changes in commodity prices; the impact of government policies, mandates, regulations and trade agreements; global and regional political, economic, legal and other risks of doing business globally; the impact of the ongoing COVID-19 outbreak or other similar outbreaks; the impact of market acceptance of alternatives to refined petroleum products; consolidation among our suppliers and customers; nonperformance by contractual counterparties; changes in federal income tax laws or our tax status; the impact of compliance or noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations; the impact of any governmental investigations; the impact of environmental liabilities and litigation; actual or perceived quality, safety or health risks associated with our products; the impact of seasonality; the effectiveness of our risk management strategies; business interruptions and casualty losses; the impact of workforce factors; our funding needs and financing sources; financial institutions' and other capital sources' policies concerning energy-related businesses; uncertainty regarding the transition away from LIBOR and the replacement of LIBOR with an alternative reference rate; technological improvements that decrease the demand for our agronomy and energy products; our ability to complete, integrate and benefit from acquisitions, strategic alliances, joint ventures, divestitures and other nonordinary course-of-business events; security breaches or other disruptions to our information technology systems or assets; the impact of our environmental, social and governance practices; the impairment of long-lived assets; and other factors affecting our businesses generally. Any forward-looking statements made by us in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are based only on information currently available to us and speak only as of the date on which the statement is made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as required by applicable law.

#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CHS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

	May 31, 2022		August 31, 2021
	(Dollars in	thou	sands)
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 369,256	\$	413,159
Receivables	 4,093,122		2,860,884
Inventories	4,451,695		3,334,675
Other current assets	 2,061,475		1,390,233
Total current assets	10,975,548		7,998,951
Investments	 4,023,095		3,669,111
Property, plant and equipment	4,685,638		4,810,005
Other assets	 1,024,762		1,098,208
Total assets	\$ 20,709,043	\$	17,576,275
LIABILITIES AND EQUITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Notes payable	\$ 2,028,859	\$	1,740,859
Current portion of long-term debt	161,308		38,450
Accounts payable	 3,373,338		2,616,052
Accrued expenses	796,338		622,723
Other current liabilities	 2,194,482		1,307,929
Total current liabilities	 8,554,325		6,326,013
Long-term debt	 1,800,779		1,579,911
Other liabilities	612,761		653,025
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)			
Equities:			
Preferred stock	 2,264,038		2,264,038
Equity certificates	5,000,593		5,247,238
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	 (240,076)		(216,391)
Capital reserves	2,710,344		1,713,976
Total CHS Inc. equities	 9,734,899		9,008,861
Noncontrolling interests	6,279		8,465
Total equities	 9,741,178		9,017,326
Total liabilities and equities	\$ 20,709,043	\$	17,576,275

# CHS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended May 31,					Nine Months I	Ended May 31,	
		2022		2021		2022		2021
				(Dollars in	thou	sands)		
Revenues	\$	13,137,724	\$	10,929,976	\$	34,351,069	\$	27,965,778
Cost of goods sold		12,493,467		10,615,348		32,917,906		27,371,326
Gross profit		644,257		314,628		1,433,163		594,452
Marketing, general and administrative expenses		243,136		186,703		692,395		518,875
Operating earnings		401,121		127,925		740,768		75,577
Interest expense		32,099		28,992		80,705		82,897
Other income		(6,636)		(10,748)		(31,817)		(41,219)
Equity income from investments.		(263,079)		(146,522)		(644,347)		(260,654)
Income before income taxes		638,737		256,203		1,336,227		294,553
Income tax expense (benefit)		62,492		(17,469)		89,143		(10,130)
Net income		576,245		273,672		1,247,084		304,683
Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(329)		81		(451)		(350)
Net income attributable to CHS Inc.	\$	576,574	\$	273,591	\$	1,247,535	\$	305,033

# CHS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended May 31,				Nine Months I	Ended May 31,		
		2022		2021	2021			2021
				(Dollars in	thou	isands)		
Net income	\$	576,245	\$	273,672	\$	1,247,084	\$	304,683
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:								
Pension and other postretirement benefits		4,485		3,888		12,834		11,402
Cash flow hedges		(25,257)		(4,991)		(34,951)		(3,881)
Foreign currency translation adjustment		2,551		8,218		(1,568)		11,060
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax		(18,221)		7,115		(23,685)		18,581
Comprehensive income		558,024		280,787		1,223,399		323,264
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(329)		81		(451)		(350)
Comprehensive income attributable to CHS Inc.	\$	558,353	\$	280,706	\$	1,223,850	\$	323,614

# CHS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		d May 31,		
		2022		2021
		(Dollars in	thou	isands)
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$	1,247,084	\$	304,683
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization, including amortization of deferred major maintenance		399,562		401,657
Equity income from investments, net of distributions received		(345,846)		(128,635)
Provision for current expected credit losses		18,641		3,353
Deferred taxes		(51,522)		17,379
Other, net		(6,643)		(24,420)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Receivables		(1,074,111)		(885,496)
Inventories		(1,117,020)		(763,675)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		967,603		775,825
Other, net		(44,886)		(333,049)
Net cash used in operating activities		(7,138)		(632,378)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(207,455)		(238,774)
Proceeds from disposition of property, plant and equipment		8,127		17,039
Expenditures for major maintenance	• • •	(18,072)		(42,466)
Proceeds from sale of business		73,152		39,567
Changes in CHS Capital notes receivable, net		(200,380)		31,543
Financing extended to customers		(47,235)		(1,890)
Payments from customer financing	• • •	53,442		6,110
Other investing activities, net		(1,467)		11,362
Net cash used in investing activities		(339,888)		(177,509)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from notes payable and long-term debt	• • •	19,077,600		26,618,429
Payments on notes payable, long-term debt and finance lease obligations		(18,401,162)		(25,381,437)
Preferred stock dividends paid		(126,501)		(126,501)
Redemptions of equities		(99,229)		(37,809)
Cash patronage dividends paid	• • •	(51,026)		(30,042)
Other financing activities, net		(43,736)		(30,634)
Net cash provided by financing activities		355,946		1,012,006
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(11,311)	_	(451)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash		(2,391)		201,668
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period		542,484		216,993
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$	540,093	\$	418,661

### CHS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

#### Note 1 Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of management, all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The results of operations and cash flows for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for a full fiscal year because of the seasonal nature of our businesses, among other things. Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes are presented as permitted by the requirements for Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended August 31, 2021, included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

#### **Significant Accounting Policies**

No significant accounting policies were updated or changed since our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2021.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

No recent accounting pronouncements are expected to have a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Note 2 Revenues

The following table presents revenues recognized under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("ASC Topic 606"), disaggregated by reportable segment, as well as the amount of revenues recognized under ASC Topic 815, *Derivatives and Hedging* ("ASC Topic 815"), and other applicable accounting guidance for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021. Other applicable accounting guidance primarily includes revenues recognized under ASC Topic 470, *Debt.*, and ASC Topic 842, *Leases*, that fall outside the scope of ASC Topic 606.

	AS	SC Topic 606	A	SC Topic 815	0	ther Guidance	T	otal Revenues
Three Months Ended May 31, 2022				(Dollars in	thou	isands)		_
Energy	\$	2,529,311	\$	246,631	\$	_	\$	2,775,942
Ag		3,460,390		6,883,785		8,194		10,352,369
Corporate and Other		4,205				5,208		9,413
Total revenues	\$	5,993,906	\$	7,130,416	\$	13,402	\$	13,137,724
Three Months Ended May 31, 2021								
Energy	\$	1,533,643	\$	171,155	\$	_	\$	1,704,798
Ag		2,810,389		6,389,677		16,138		9,216,204
Corporate and Other		3,929				5,045		8,974
Total revenues	\$	4,347,961	\$	6,560,832	\$	21,183	\$	10,929,976

	A	SC Topic 606	A	SC Topic 815	0	ther Guidance	T	otal Revenues
Nine Months Ended May 31, 2022				(Dollars in	thou	ısands)		
Energy	\$	6,426,092	\$	681,836	\$	_	\$	7,107,928
Ag		8,056,676		19,139,417		21,466		27,217,559
Corporate and Other		11,785		_		13,797		25,582
Total revenues	\$	14,494,553	\$	19,821,253	\$	35,263	\$	34,351,069
Nine Months Ended May 31, 2021								
Energy	\$	3,841,678	\$	493,125	\$	_	\$	4,334,803
Ag		5,324,396		18,232,235		43,187		23,599,818
Corporate and Other		14,925		_		16,232		31,157
Total revenues	\$	9,180,999	\$	18,725,360	\$	59,419	\$	27,965,778

Less than 1% of revenues accounted for under ASC Topic 606 included within the tables above are recorded over time and relate primarily to service contracts.

#### Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities

Contract assets relate to unbilled amounts arising from goods that have already been transferred to customers where the right to payment is not conditional on the passage of time. This results in the recognition of an asset, as the amount of revenue recognized at a certain point in time exceeds the amount billed to customers. Contract assets are recorded in receivables within our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and were \$17.1 million and \$29.0 million as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, respectively.

Contract liabilities of \$544.8 million and \$213.9 million as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, respectively, are recorded within other current liabilities on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. For the three months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, we recognized revenues of \$48.1 million and \$34.2 million related to contract liabilities, respectively. For the nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, we recognized revenues of \$213.9 million and \$126.2 million related to contract liabilities, respectively. These amounts were included in the other current liabilities balance at the beginning of the respective period.

#### Note 3 Receivables

	May 31, 2022		August 31, 2021
	(Dollars in	sands)	
Trade accounts receivable	\$ 3,164,995	\$	2,047,198
CHS Capital short-term notes receivable	652,041		505,778
Other	404,352		451,630
Gross receivables	4,221,388		3,004,606
Less: allowances and reserves	128,266		143,722
Total receivables	\$ 4,093,122	\$	2,860,884

Receivables are composed of trade accounts receivable, short-term notes receivable in our wholly-owned subsidiary, CHS Capital, LLC ("CHS Capital"), and other receivables, less an allowance for expected credit losses. The allowance for expected credit losses is based on our best estimate of expected credit losses in existing receivable balances and is determined using historical write-off experience, adjusted for various industry and regional data and current expectations of future credit losses.

Notes receivable from commercial borrowers are collateralized by various combinations of mortgages, personal property, accounts and notes receivable, inventories and assignments of certain regional cooperatives' capital stock. These loans are primarily originated in the states of Minnesota and North Dakota. CHS Capital also has loans receivable from producer

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borrowers that are collateralized by various combinations of growing crops, livestock, inventories, accounts receivable, personal property and supplemental mortgages and are originated in the same states as the commercial notes.

In addition to the short-term balances included in the table above, CHS Capital had long-term notes receivable, with durations of generally not more than 10 years, totaling \$50.3 million and \$55.4 million as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, respectively. Long-term notes receivable are included in other assets on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, commercial notes represented 49% and 28%, respectively, and producer notes represented 51% and 72%, respectively, of total CHS Capital notes receivable.

CHS Capital has commitments to extend credit to customers if there are no violations of contractually established conditions. As of May 31, 2022, CHS Capital customers had additional available credit of \$645.9 million. No significant troubled debt restructuring activity occurred and no third-party customer or borrower accounted for more than 10% of the total receivables balance as of May 31, 2022, or August 31, 2021.

#### Note 4 Inventories

	May 31, 2022			August 31, 2021
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Grain and oilseed	\$	2,044,585	\$	1,435,544
Energy		577,360		762,317
Agronomy		1,439,716		958,548
Processed grain and oilseed		140,752		140,975
Other		249,282		37,291
Total inventories	\$	4,451,695	\$	3,334,675

As of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, we valued approximately 14% and 13%, respectively, of inventories, primarily crude oil and refined fuels within our Energy segment, using the lower of cost, determined on the last in, first out ("LIFO") method, or net realizable value. If the first in, first out ("FIFO") method of accounting had been used, inventories would have been higher than the reported amount by \$895.7 million and \$359.2 million as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, respectively. Actual valuation of inventory under the LIFO method can be made only at the end of each year based on inventory levels and costs at that time. Interim LIFO calculations are based on management's estimates of expected year-end inventory levels and values and are subject to final year-end LIFO inventory valuation.

#### Note 5 Investments

	May 31, 2022		August 31, 2021	
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Equity method investments:				
CF Industries Nitrogen, LLC	\$ 2,916,993	\$	2,667,164	
Ventura Foods, LLC	414,929		388,612	
Ardent Mills, LLC	237,971		220,132	
TEMCO, LLC	57,295		31,464	
Other equity method investments	264,555		232,923	
Other investments	131,352		128,816	
Total investments	\$ 4,023,095	\$	3,669,111	

Joint ventures and other investments, in which we have significant ownership and influence, but not control, are accounted for in our condensed consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Our significant equity method investments consist of CF Industries Nitrogen, LLC ("CF Nitrogen"), Ventura Foods, LLC ("Ventura Foods"), Ardent Mills, LLC ("Ardent Mills"), and TEMCO, LLC ("TEMCO"), which are summarized below. In addition to the recognition of our share of income from equity method investments, our equity method investments are evaluated for indicators of other-than-temporary impairment on an ongoing basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP"). Other investments consist primarily of investments in cooperatives without readily determinable fair values and are generally recorded at cost, unless an impairment or other observable market price change occurs, requiring an adjustment. We have approximately \$788.7 million of cumulative undistributed earnings from our equity method investees included in the investments balance as of May 31, 2022.

#### CF Nitrogen

We have a \$2.9 billion investment in CF Nitrogen, a strategic venture with CF Industries Holdings, Inc. ("CF Industries"). The investment consists of an approximate 10% membership interest (based on product tons) in CF Nitrogen. We account for this investment using the hypothetical liquidation at book value method, recognizing our share of the earnings and losses of CF Nitrogen as equity income from investments in our Nitrogen Production segment based on our contractual claims on the entity's net assets pursuant to the liquidation provisions of the CF Nitrogen Limited Liability Company Agreement, adjusted for semiannual cash distributions.

The following table provides summarized unaudited financial information for our equity method investment in CF Nitrogen for the nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021:

	Nine Months	d May 31,			
_	2022		2021		
	(Dollars in	(Dollars in thousands)			
Net sales S	4,972,383	\$	2,116,040		
Gross profit	2,682,653		565,067		
Net earnings	2,641,425		524,071		
Earnings attributable to CHS Inc.	497,289		118,477		

#### Ventura Foods, Ardent Mills and TEMCO

We have a 50% interest in Ventura Foods, a joint venture with Mitsui & Co., that produces and distributes primarily edible oil-based products. We also have a 12% interest in Ardent Mills, which is a joint venture with Cargill, Incorporated ("Cargill"), and Conagra Brands, Inc., and is the largest flour miller in the United States. Additionally, we have a 50% interest in TEMCO, which is a joint venture with Cargill focused on export elevation, primarily to Asia. We account for Ventura Foods, Ardent Mills and TEMCO as equity method investments. Our shares of the results of Ventura Foods and Ardent Mills are included in Corporate and Other and our share of the results of TEMCO is included in our Ag segment.

The following table provides aggregate summarized unaudited financial information for our equity method investments in Ventura Foods, Ardent Mills and TEMCO for the nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021:

	Nine Months	Nine Months Ended May 31,				
	2022	2021				
	(Dollars in	sands)				
Net sales \$	7,124,636	\$	7,471,759			
Gross profit	850,417		741,461			
Net earnings	439,502		363,988			
Earnings attributable to CHS Inc.	105,869		116,436			

Our investments in other equity method investees are not significant in relation to our condensed consolidated financial statements, either individually or in aggregate.

#### Note 6 Notes Payable and Long-Term Debt

Our notes payable and long-term debt are subject to various restrictive requirements for maintenance of minimum consolidated net worth and other financial ratios. We were in compliance with all debt covenants as of May 31, 2022. The table below summarizes our notes payable as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021:

	May 31, 2022		August 31, 2021				
	(Dollars in thousands)						
Notes payable	\$ 966,258	\$	864,147				
CHS Capital notes payable	1,062,601		876,712				
Total notes payable	\$ 2,028,859	\$	1,740,859				

As of May 31, 2022, our primary line of credit was a five-year, unsecured revolving credit facility with a syndicate of domestic and international banks. The credit facility provides a committed amount of \$2.75 billion that expires on July 16, 2024. There were no borrowings outstanding on this facility as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021.

We have a receivables and loans securitization facility ("Securitization Facility") with certain unaffiliated financial institutions ("Purchasers"). Under the Securitization Facility, we and certain of our subsidiaries ("Originators") sell trade accounts and notes receivable ("Receivables") to Cofina Funding, LLC ("Cofina"), a wholly-owned bankruptcy-remote indirect subsidiary of CHS. Cofina in turn transfers the Receivables to the Purchasers, and this arrangement is accounted for as a secured financing. We use the proceeds from the sale of Receivables under the Securitization Facility for general corporate purposes and settlements are made on a monthly basis. The amount available under the Securitization Facility fluctuates over time based on the total amount of eligible Receivables generated during the normal course of business. The Securitization Facility consists of a committed portion with a maximum availability of \$700.0 million and an uncommitted portion with a maximum availability of \$250.0 million. As of May 31, 2022, total availability under the Securitization Facility was \$950.0 million, all of which had been utilized.

We also have a repurchase facility ("Repurchase Facility") related to the Securitization Facility. Under the Repurchase Facility, we can obtain repurchase agreement financing in an amount up to \$150.0 million for subordinated notes issued by Cofina in favor of the Originators and representing a portion of the outstanding balance of the Receivables sold by the Originators to Cofina under the Securitization Facility. As of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, the outstanding balance under the Repurchase Facility was \$150.0 million.

On February 19, 2021, we amended our 10-year term loan facility to convert the entire \$366.0 million aggregate principle amount outstanding thereunder into a revolving loan, which could be paid down and readvanced in an amount up to the referenced \$366.0 million until February 19, 2022. On February 19, 2022, the total advanced loan balance of \$366.0 million reverted to a nonrevolving term loan that is payable on September 4, 2025.

The following table presents summarized long-term debt (including current portion) as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021:

	May 31, 2022		August 31, 2021
	(Dollars in	tho	ousands)
Private placement debt	\$ 1,550,229	\$	1,552,974
Term loan	366,000		_
Finance lease obligations	46,684		36,034
Other notes and contracts payable	2,845		33,443
Deferred financing costs	(3,671)		(4,090)
Total long-term debt	1,962,087		1,618,361
Less current portion	161,308		38,450
Long-term portion	\$ 1,800,779	\$	1,579,911

Interest expense for the three months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, was \$32.1 million and \$29.0 million, respectively, net of capitalized interest of \$0.9 million and \$3.9 million, respectively. Interest expense for the nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, was \$80.7 million and \$82.9 million, respectively, net of capitalized interest of \$4.7 million and \$6.0 million, respectively.

#### Note 7 Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate for the three months ended May 31, 2022, was 9.8% compared to (6.8)% for the three months ended May 31, 2021. Our effective tax rate for the nine months ended May 31, 2022, was 6.7%, compared to (3.4)% for the nine months ended May 31, 2021. Our income tax expense reflects the mix of full-year earnings projected across business units and current equity management assumptions. Income taxes and effective tax rates vary each year based on profitability and nonpatronage business activity during the year.

Our uncertain tax positions are affected by the tax years that are under audit or remain subject to examination by the relevant taxing authorities. Reserves are recorded against unrecognized tax benefits when we believe certain fully supportable tax return positions are likely to be challenged, and we may not prevail. If we were to prevail on all positions taken in relation to uncertain tax positions, \$114.6 million and \$114.3 million of the unrecognized tax benefits would ultimately benefit our effective tax rate as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, respectively. It is reasonably possible that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits could significantly change in the next 12 months.

Note 8 Equities

#### Changes in Equities

Changes in equities for the nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

		Equity Certificates			Accumulated			
	Capital Equity Certificates	Nonpatronage Equity Certificates	Nonqualified Equity Certificates	Preferred Stock	Other Comprehensive Loss	Capital Reserves	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equities
				(Dollars in	n thousands)			
Balances, August 31, 2021	\$ 3,583,911	\$ 28,431	\$ 1,634,896	\$ 2,264,038	\$ (216,391)	\$ 1,713,976	\$ 8,465	\$ 9,017,326
Reversal of prior year redemption estimates	12,221	_	_	_	_	_	_	12,221
Redemptions of equities	(9,824)	(318)	(2,079)	_	_	_	_	(12,221)
Preferred stock dividends	_	_	_	_	_	(84,334)	_	(84,334)
Other, net	(1,023)	17	(64)	_	_	1,393	(841)	(518)
Net income (loss)	_	_	_	_	_	451,961	(18)	451,943
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_	_	_	_	(15,418)	_	_	(15,418)
Estimated 2022 cash patronage refunds	_	_	_	_	_	(39,691)	_	(39,691)
Estimated 2022 equity redemptions	(79,382)							(79,382)
Balances, November 30, 2021	3,505,903	28,130	1,632,753	2,264,038	(231,809)	2,043,305	7,606	9,249,926
Reversal of prior year patronage and redemption estimates	5,264	_	(230,290)	_	_	260,120	_	35,094
Distribution of 2021 patronage refunds	_	_	231,371	_	_	(261,414)	_	(30,043)
Redemptions of equities	(4,228)	(20)	(1,016)	_	_	_	_	(5,264)
Preferred stock dividends	_	_	_	_	_	(42,167)	_	(42,167)
Other, net	(5)	_	_	_	_	50	(599)	(554)
Net income (loss)	_	_	_	_	_	219,000	(104)	218,896
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_	_	_	_	9,954	_	_	9,954
Estimated 2022 cash patronage refunds	_	_	_	_	_	(22,466)	_	(22,466)
Estimated 2022 equity redemptions	(44,932)							(44,932)
Balances, February 28, 2022	3,462,002	28,110	1,632,818	2,264,038	(221,855)	2,196,428	6,903	9,368,444
Reversal of prior year patronage and redemption estimates	81,731	_	_	_	_	20,170	_	101,901
Distribution of 2021 patronage refunds	_	_	4,205	_	_	(25,188)	_	(20,983)
Redemptions of equities	(78,616)	(90)	(3,038)	_	_	_	_	(81,744)
Other, net	(2,228)	(1)	(6,809)	_	_	1,105	(295)	(8,228)
Net income (loss)	_	_	_	_	_	576,574	(329)	576,245
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_	_	_	_	(18,221)	_	_	(18,221)
Estimated 2022 cash patronage refunds	_	_	=	_	_	(58,745)	=	(58,745)
Estimated 2022 equity redemptions	(117,491)							(117,491)
Balances, May 31, 2022	\$ 3,345,398	\$ 28,019	\$ 1,627,176	\$ 2,264,038	\$ (240,076)	\$ 2,710,344	\$ 6,279	\$ 9,741,178

	1	<b>Equity Certificates</b>			Accumulated			
	Capital Equity Certificates	Nonpatronage Equity Certificates	Nonqualified Equity Certificates	Preferred Stock	Other Comprehensive Loss	Capital Reserves	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equities
				(Dollars in	n thousands)			
Balances, August 31, 2020	\$ 3,724,187	\$ 28,727	\$ 1,408,696	\$ 2,264,038	\$ (233,924)	\$ 1,618,147	\$ 9,302	\$ 8,819,173
Reversal of prior year redemption estimates	7,726	_	_	_	_	_	_	7,726
Redemptions of equities	(6,539)	(31)	(1,156)	_	_	_	_	(7,726)
Preferred stock dividends	_	_	_	_	_	(84,334)	_	(84,334)
Other, net	(654)	(47)	(197)	_	_	(7,798)	35	(8,661)
Net income (loss)	_	_	_	_	_	69,671	(302)	69,369
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_	_	_	_	8,917	_	_	8,917
Estimated 2021 cash patronage refunds	_	_	_	_	_	(9,304)	_	(9,304)
Estimated 2021 equity redemptions	(9,304)							(9,304)
Balances, November 30, 2020	3,715,416	28,649	1,407,343	2,264,038	(225,007)	1,586,382	9,035	8,785,856
Reversal of prior year patronage and redemption estimates	4,760	_	(211,970)	_	_	233,345	_	26,135
Distribution of 2020 patronage refunds	_	_	214,720	_	_	(236,136)	_	(21,416)
Redemptions of equities	(4,177)	(35)	(548)	_	_	_	_	(4,760)
Preferred stock dividends	_	_	_	_	_	(42,167)	_	(42,167)
Other, net	(26)	_	(15)	_	_	1,068	(361)	666
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	(38,229)	(129)	(38,358)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_	_	_	_	2,549	_	_	2,549
Estimated 2021 cash patronage refunds	_	_	_	_	_	5,639	_	5,639
Estimated 2021 equity redemptions	5,639	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,639
Balances, February 28, 2021	3,721,612	28,614	1,409,530	2,264,038	(222,458)	1,509,902	8,545	8,719,783
Reversal of prior year redemption estimates	15,514	_	5,000	_	_	8,625	_	29,139
Distribution of 2020 patronage refunds	_	_	7	_	_	(8,632)	_	(8,625)
Redemptions of equities	(19,275)	(35)	(6,013)	_	_	_	_	(25,323)
Other, net	(298)	43	58	_	_	(1,726)	(61)	(1,984)
Net income	_	_	_	_	_	273,591	81	273,672
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_	_	_	_	7,115	_	_	7,115
Estimated 2021 cash patronage refunds	_	_	_	_	_	(21,292)	_	(21,292)
Estimated 2021 equity redemptions	(21,292)							(21,292)
Balances, May 31, 2021	\$ 3,696,261	\$ 28,622	\$ 1,408,582	\$ 2,264,038	\$ (215,343)	\$ 1,760,468	\$ 8,565	\$ 8,951,193

#### Preferred Stock Dividends

The following is a summary of dividends declared per share by series of preferred stock for the nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021. Due to the timing of dividend declarations during the fiscal year, no declarations were made during the three months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021.

		Nine Months l	Ende	d May 31,
	Nasdaq symbol	2022		2021
Series of preferred stock:		(Dollars )	per sł	nare)
8% Cumulative Redeemable	CHSCP	\$ 1.50	\$	1.50
Class B Cumulative Redeemable, Series 1	CHSCO	\$ 1.48	\$	1.48
Class B Reset Rate Cumulative Redeemable, Series 2	CHSCN	\$ 1.33	\$	1.33
Class B Reset Rate Cumulative Redeemable, Series 3	CHSCM	\$ 1.27	\$	1.27
Class B Cumulative Redeemable, Series 4	CHSCL	\$ 1.41	\$	1.41

#### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component, net of tax, for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

	Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits	Cash Flow Hedges	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Total
		(Dollars in	thousands)	
Balance as of August 31, 2021, net of tax	\$ (141,385)	\$ 4,824	\$ (79,830)	\$ (216,391)
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax:				
Amounts before reclassifications	(83)	870	(9,983)	(9,196)
Amounts reclassified	5,064	(12,954)		(7,890)
Total other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	4,981	(12,084)	(9,983)	(17,086)
Tax effect	(1,213)	2,943	(62)	1,668
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	3,768	(9,141)	(10,045)	(15,418)
Balance as of November 30, 2021, net of tax	(137,617)	(4,317)	(89,875)	(231,809)
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax:				
Amounts before reclassifications		3,974	5,807	9,781
Amounts reclassified	6,056	(4,705)		1,351
Total other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	6,056	(731)	5,807	11,132
Tax effect	(1,475)	178	119	(1,178)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	4,581	(553)	5,926	9,954
Balance as of February 28, 2022, net of tax	(133,036)	(4,870)	(83,949)	(221,855)
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax:				
Amounts before reclassifications	369	(39,169)	2,497	(36,303)
Amounts reclassified	5,560	5,782		11,342
Total other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	5,929	(33,387)	2,497	(24,961)
Tax effect	(1,444)	8,130	54	6,740
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	4,485	(25,257)	2,551	(18,221)
Balance as of May 31, 2022, net of tax	\$ (128,551)	\$ (30,127)	\$ (81,398)	\$ (240,076)

	Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits	Cash Flow Hedges	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Total
		(Dollars in	thousands)	
Balance as of August 31, 2020, net of tax	\$ (159,680)	\$ 10,886	\$ (85,130)	\$ (233,924)
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax:				
Amounts before reclassifications	(125)	14,506	3,629	18,010
Amounts reclassified	4,977	(12,284)		(7,307)
Total other comprehensive income, before tax	4,852	2,222	3,629	10,703
Tax effect	(1,207)	(553)	(26)	(1,786)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	3,645	1,669	3,603	8,917
Balance as of November 30, 2020, net of tax	(156,035)	12,555	(81,527)	(225,007)
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax:				
Amounts before reclassifications	_	2,929	(587)	2,342
Amounts reclassified	5,151	(3,673)		1,478
Total other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	5,151	(744)	(587)	3,820
Tax effect	(1,282)	185	(174)	(1,271)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	3,869	(559)	(761)	2,549
Balance as of February 28, 2021, net of tax	(152,166)	11,996	(82,288)	(222,458)
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax:				
Amounts before reclassifications	112	(4,725)	8,398	3,785
Amounts reclassified	5,064	(1,919)		3,145
Total other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	5,176	(6,644)	8,398	6,930
Tax effect	(1,288)	1,653	(180)	185
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	3,888	(4,991)	8,218	7,115
Balance as of May 31, 2021, net of tax	\$ (148,278)	\$ 7,005	\$ (74,070)	\$ (215,343)

Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) were related to pension and other postretirement benefits, cash flow hedges and foreign currency translation adjustments. Pension and other postretirement reclassifications include amortization of net actuarial loss, prior service credit and transition amounts and are recorded as cost of goods sold and marketing, general and administrative expenses (see Note 9, *Benefit Plans*, for further information). Gains or losses associated with cash flow hedges are recorded as cost of goods sold (see Note 11, *Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities*, for further information). Gains or losses on foreign currency translation reclassifications related to sales of businesses are recorded as other income.

#### Note 9 Benefit Plans

We have various pension and other defined benefit and defined contribution plans, in which substantially all employees may participate. We also have nonqualified supplemental executive and Board of Directors retirement plans.

Components of net periodic benefit costs for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

_	Three Months Ended May 31,											
_	Qualified Pension Benefits				Nonqualified Pension Benefits				Other Benefits			
<u>_</u>	2022		2021		2022		2021	_	2022		2021	
Components of net periodic benefit costs:					(Dollars in	thou	usands)					
Service cost	11,569	\$	11,307	\$	232	\$	108	\$	249	\$	297	
Interest cost	4,292		4,141		70		68		126		123	
Expected return on assets	(10,990)		(10,910)				_				_	
Prior service cost (credit) amortization	44		45		(29)		(28)		(111)		(111)	
Actuarial loss (gain) amortization	5,852		5,447		120		53		(315)		(341)	
Net periodic benefit cost (benefit)	10,767	\$	10,030	\$	393	\$	201	\$	(51)	\$	(32)	

_	Nine Months Ended May 31,											
_	Qualified Pension Benefits				Nonqualified Pension Benefits				Other Benefits			
_	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Components of net periodic benefit costs:					(Dollars in	thou	sands)					
Service cost	\$ 34,706	\$	33,921	\$	695	\$	325	\$	747	\$	890	
Interest cost	12,875		12,422		211		205		377		369	
Expected return on assets	(32,969)	)	(32,731)				_					
Prior service cost (credit) amortization	131		134		(86)		(85)		(334)		(334)	
Actuarial loss (gain) amortization	17,555		16,342		359		159		(944)		(1,024)	
Net periodic benefit cost (benefit)	\$ 32,298	\$	30,088	\$	1,179	\$	604	\$	(154)	\$	(99)	

The service cost component of defined benefit net periodic benefit cost is recorded in cost of goods sold and marketing, general and administrative expenses. The other components of net periodic benefit cost are recorded in other income.

#### Employer Contributions

Any contributions made during fiscal 2022 will depend primarily on market returns on the pension plan assets and minimum funding level requirements. No contributions were made to the pension plans during the nine months ended May 31, 2022, and we do not currently anticipate being required to make contributions for our pension plans in fiscal 2022.

#### Note 10 Segment Reporting

We are an integrated agricultural cooperative, providing grain, foods and energy resources to businesses and consumers on a global basis. We provide a wide variety of products and services, from initial agricultural inputs such as fuels, farm supplies, crop nutrients and crop protection products, to agricultural outputs that include grain and oilseed, processed grain and oilseed, renewable fuels and food products. We define our operating segments in accordance with ASC Topic 280, *Segment Reporting*, to reflect the manner in which our chief operating decision maker, our Chief Executive Officer, evaluates performance and allocates resources in managing the business. We have aggregated those operating segments into three reportable segments: Energy, Ag and Nitrogen Production.

Our Energy segment produces and provides primarily for the wholesale distribution of petroleum products and transportation of those products. Our Ag segment purchases and further processes or resells grain and oilseed originated by our country operations business, by our member cooperatives and by third parties; serves as a wholesaler and retailer of crop inputs; and produces and markets ethanol. Our Nitrogen Production segment consists of our equity method investment in CF Nitrogen and allocated expenses. Our supply agreement with CF Nitrogen entitles us to purchase up to a specified quantity of granular urea and urea ammonium nitrate ("UAN") annually from CF Nitrogen. Corporate and Other represents our financing and hedging businesses, which primarily consist of a U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission-regulated futures commission merchant ("FCM") for commodities hedging and financial services related to crop production. Our nonconsolidated investments in Ventura Foods and Ardent Mills are also included in our Corporate and Other category.

Corporate administrative expenses and interest are allocated to each reportable segment and Corporate and Other, based on direct use of services, such as information technology and legal, and other factors or considerations relevant to the costs incurred.

Many of our business activities are highly seasonal and our operating results vary throughout the year. Our revenues generally trend lower during the second and fourth fiscal quarters and higher during the first and third fiscal quarters; however, our income before income taxes does not necessarily follow the same trend, due to weather and other events that can impact profitability. For example, in our Ag segment, our country operations business generally experiences higher volumes and revenues during the fall harvest and spring planting seasons, which generally correspond to our first and third fiscal quarters, respectively. Additionally, our agronomy business generally experiences higher volumes and revenues during the spring planting season. Our global grain and processing operations are subject to fluctuations in volume and revenues based on producer harvests, world grain prices, demand and international trade relationships. Our Energy segment generally experiences higher volumes and revenues in certain operating areas, such as refined products, in the spring, summer and early fall when gasoline and diesel fuel use by agricultural producers is highest and is subject to global supply and demand forces. Other energy products, such as propane, generally experience higher volumes and revenues during the winter heating and fall crop-drying seasons.

Our revenues, assets and cash flows can be significantly affected by global market prices for commodities such as petroleum products, natural gas, grain, oilseed, crop nutrients and flour. Changes in market prices for commodities that we purchase without a corresponding change in the selling prices of those products can affect revenues and operating earnings. Commodity prices are affected by a wide range of factors beyond our control, including weather, crop damage due to plant disease or insects, drought, availability and adequacy of supply, availability of reliable rail and river transportation networks, outbreaks of disease, government regulations and policies, global trade disputes, wars and civil unrest, and general political and economic conditions.

While our revenues and operating results are derived primarily from businesses and operations that are wholly-owned or subsidiaries and limited liability companies in which we have a controlling interest, a portion of our business operations are conducted through companies in which we hold ownership interests of 50% or less or do not control the operations. We account for these investments primarily using the equity method of accounting, wherein we record our proportionate share of income or loss reported by the entity as equity income from investments without consolidating the revenues and expenses of the entity in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. In our Ag segment, this includes our 50% interest in TEMCO. In our Nitrogen Production segment, this consists of our approximate 10% membership interest (based on product tons) in CF Nitrogen. In Corporate and Other, this principally includes our 50% ownership in Ventura Foods and our 12% ownership in Ardent Mills. See Note 5, *Investments*, for more information on these entities.

Reconciling amounts represent the elimination of revenues between segments. Such transactions are executed at market prices to more accurately evaluate the profitability of individual business segments.

Segment information for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, is presented in the tables below:

	Energy	Ag	Nitrogen Production		Corporate and Other	]	Reconciling Amounts	Total	
Three Months Ended May 31, 2022				(Dollars in	thousands)	housands)			
Revenues, including intersegment revenues	\$ 2,943,305	\$ 10,359,992	\$	_	\$ 11,215	\$	(176,788)	\$ 13,137,724	
Intersegment revenues	(167,363)	(7,623)		_	(1,802	)	176,788	_	
Revenues, net of intersegment revenues	\$ 2,775,942	\$ 10,352,369	\$	_	\$ 9,413	\$	_	\$ 13,137,724	
Operating earnings (loss)	164,016	256,817		(14,480)	(5,232	)	_	401,121	
Interest expense	2,182	18,581		12,263	(257	)	(670)	32,099	
Other income	(485)	(10,221)		(258)	3,658		670	(6,636)	
Equity income from investments	(922)	(25,231)		(204,697)	(32,229	)		(263,079)	
Income before income taxes	163,241	\$ 273,688	\$	178,212	\$ 23,596	\$	_	\$ 638,737	

		Energy		Ag	Nitrogen Production		Corporate and Other	Reconciling Amounts		Total
Three Months Ended May 31, 2021					(Dollars in	tho	usands)			
Revenues, including intersegment revenues	\$	1,815,077	\$	9,222,597	\$ _	\$	10,842	\$ (118,540)	\$ 1	0,929,976
Intersegment revenues		(110,279)		(6,393)	_		(1,868)	118,540		_
Revenues, net of intersegment revenues	\$	1,704,798	\$	9,216,204	\$ _	\$	8,974	\$ 	\$ 1	0,929,976
Operating earnings (loss)		2,955		134,606	(8,799)		(837)			127,925
Interest expense		(333)		17,661	10,318		390	956		28,992
Other income		(636)		(6,331)	(308)		(2,517)	(956)		(10,748)
Equity income from investments		(1,035)		(16,855)	(65,444)		(63,188)	_		(146,522)
Income before income taxes	\$	4,959	\$	140,131	\$ 46,635	\$	64,478	\$ 	\$	256,203
		Energy		Ag	Nitrogen Production		Corporate and Other	Reconciling Amounts		Total
Nine Months Ended May 31, 2022					(Dollars in	tho	usands)			
Revenues, including intersegment revenues	\$	7,574,881	\$ 2	27,239,897	\$ _	\$	32,060	\$ (495,769)	\$ 3	4,351,069
Intersegment revenues		(466,953)		(22,338)	_		(6,478)	495,769		_
Revenues, net of intersegment revenues	\$	7,107,928	\$ 2	27,217,559	\$ 	\$	25,582	\$ 	\$ 3	4,351,069
Operating earnings (loss)		243,009		560,200	(35,525)		(26,916)			740,768
Interest expense		4,568		45,466	34,770		(3,073)	(1,026)		80,705
Other income		(1,217)		(37,320)	(2,058)		7,752	1,026		(31,817)
Equity income from investments		(3,604)		(63,240)	 (497,289)		(80,214)			(644,347)
Income before income taxes	\$	243,262	\$	615,294	\$ 429,052	\$	48,619	\$	\$	1,336,227
Total assets as of May 31, 2022	\$	4,357,274	\$	9,556,610	\$ 2,930,538	\$	3,864,621	\$ _	\$ 2	0,709,043
		Energy		Ag	Nitrogen Production		Corporate and Other	Reconciling Amounts		Total
Nine Months Ended May 31, 2021					(Dollars in	tho	usands)			
Revenues, including intersegment revenues		4,643,387	\$ 2	23,615,087	\$ _	\$	38,370	\$ (331,066)	\$ 2	7,965,778
Intersegment revenues	_	(308,584)		(15,269)			(7,213)	331,066	,	
Revenues, net of intersegment revenues	\$	4,334,803	\$ 2	23,599,818	\$ 	\$	31,157	\$ 	\$ 2	7,965,778
Operating earnings (loss)		(120,879)		212,223	(24,661)		8,894			75,577
Interest expense		492		48,796	33,721		1,536	(1,648)		82,897
Other income		(2,108)		(29,784)	(2,175)		(8,800)	1,648		(41,219)
Equity income from investments		(2,355)		(43,974)	(118,477)		(95,848)	_		(260,654)
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	(116,908)	\$	237,185	\$ 62,270	\$	112,006	\$ 	\$	294,553

#### Note 11 Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities

We enter into various derivative instruments to manage our exposure to movements primarily associated with agricultural and energy commodity prices and, to a lesser degree, foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. Except for certain cash-settled swaps related to future crude oil purchases and refined product sales, which are accounted for as cash flow hedges, our derivative instruments represent economic hedges of price risk for which hedge accounting under ASC Topic 815 is not applied. Rather, the derivative instruments are recorded on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value with changes in fair value being recorded directly to earnings, primarily within cost of goods sold in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. See Note 12, *Fair Value Measurements*, for additional information. The majority of our exchange-traded agricultural commodity futures are settled daily through CHS Hedging, LLC, our wholly-owned FCM.

#### Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

Although we have certain netting arrangements for our exchange-traded futures and options contracts and certain overthe-counter ("OTC") contracts, we have elected to report our derivative instruments on a gross basis on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets under ASC Topic 210-20, Balance Sheet-Offsetting. The following tables present the gross fair values of derivative assets, derivative liabilities and margin deposits (cash collateral) recorded on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, along with related amounts permitted to be offset in accordance with U.S. GAAP:

, ,				May 3	1, 202	22		
				ounts Not Off onsolidated B Eligible for	alanc	e Sheet but		
		oss Amount Recognized	Casl	ı Collateral		Derivative nstruments	N	et Amount
				(Dollars in	thou	sands)		
<b>Derivative Assets</b>								
Commodity derivatives	. \$	762,167	\$	_	\$	21,015	\$	741,152
Foreign exchange derivatives		114,804		_		15,410		99,394
Embedded derivative asset		13,545		_				13,545
Total	. \$	890,516	\$	_	\$	36,425	\$	854,091
<b>Derivative Liabilities</b>								
Commodity derivatives	. \$	609,663	\$	239	\$	22,590	\$	586,834
Foreign exchange derivatives		15,454		_		15,410		44
1 oreign exenange derivatives								
Total		625,117	\$	239	\$	38,000	\$	586,878
		625,117		August	31, 20	)21	\$	586,878
		625,117	Am		31, 20	021 n Condensed e Sheet but	\$	586,878
	\$ Gr	625,117	Am Co	August ounts Not Oft onsolidated B	31, 20 fset of alanc r Offs	021 n Condensed e Sheet but		586,878
Total	\$ Gr	oss Amount	Am Co	August ounts Not Of onsolidated B Eligible fo	31, 20 fset or alanc r Offs	o21  n Condensed e Sheet but eetting  Derivative nstruments		
Total  Derivative Assets	Gr R	oss Amount decognized	Am Co Casl	August ounts Not Ofi onsolidated B Eligible fo n Collateral	31, 20 fset of alance r Offs  I thou	n Condensed e Sheet but eetting Derivative nstruments	N	et Amount
Derivative Assets Commodity derivatives	Gr R	oss Amount decognized	Am Co	August ounts Not Ofi onsolidated B Eligible fo n Collateral	31, 20 fset or alanc r Offs	D21  n Condensed e Sheet but tetting  Derivative nstruments sands)		et Amount 528,658
Derivative Assets Commodity derivatives Foreign exchange derivatives	Gr R	oss Amount decognized  532,832 19,429	Am Co Casl	August ounts Not Ofi onsolidated B Eligible fo n Collateral	31, 20 fset of alance r Offs  I thou	n Condensed e Sheet but eetting Derivative nstruments	N	528,658 13,847
Derivative Assets Commodity derivatives Foreign exchange derivatives Embedded derivative asset	Gr R	532,832 19,429 16,488	Am Co	August ounts Not Ofi onsolidated B Eligible fo n Collateral	31, 20 fset or alance r Offs  I thou	Derivative enstruments sands)  4,174  5,582		528,658 13,847 16,488
Derivative Assets Commodity derivatives Foreign exchange derivatives Embedded derivative asset Total	Gr R	oss Amount decognized  532,832 19,429	Am Co Casl	August ounts Not Ofi onsolidated B Eligible fo n Collateral	31, 20 fset of alance r Offs  I thou	D21  n Condensed e Sheet but tetting  Derivative nstruments sands)	N	528,658 13,847
Derivative Assets Commodity derivatives Foreign exchange derivatives Embedded derivative asset Total Derivative Liabilities	Gr R	532,832 19,429 16,488 568,749	Am Co	August ounts Not Off onsolidated B Eligible for n Collateral (Dollars in	31, 20 or offset on alance r Offset of the state of the s	Derivative enstruments sands)  4,174 5,582 9,756		528,658 13,847 16,488 558,993
Derivative Assets Commodity derivatives Foreign exchange derivatives Embedded derivative asset Total Derivative Liabilities Commodity derivatives	Gr R	532,832 19,429 16,488 568,749	Am Co	August ounts Not Ofi onsolidated B Eligible fo n Collateral	31, 20 fset or alance r Offs  I thou	Derivative enstruments sands)  4,174 5,582 — 9,756		528,658 13,847 16,488 558,993
Derivative Assets Commodity derivatives Foreign exchange derivatives Embedded derivative asset Total Derivative Liabilities	Gr R	532,832 19,429 16,488 568,749	Am Co	August ounts Not Off onsolidated B Eligible for n Collateral (Dollars in	31, 20 or offset on alance r Offset of the state of the s	Derivative enstruments sands)  4,174 5,582 9,756		528,658 13,847 16,488 558,993

Derivative assets and liabilities with maturities of 12 months or less are recorded in other current assets and other current liabilities, respectively, on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Derivative assets and liabilities with maturities greater than 12 months are recorded in other assets and other liabilities, respectively, on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The amount of long-term derivative assets recorded on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, was \$29.3 million and \$21.6 million, respectively. The amount of long-term derivative liabilities recorded on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, was \$3.6 million and \$4.8 million, respectively.

The majority of our derivative instruments have not been designated as hedging instruments. The following table sets forth the pretax gains (losses) on derivatives not accounted for as hedging instruments that have been included in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021:

			Three Months	Ende	d May 31,		Nine Months E	nde	d May 31,
	Location of Gain (Loss)	2022			2021		2022		2021
					(Dollars in	thou	sands)		
Commodity derivatives	Cost of goods sold	\$	(324,965)	\$	(552,985)	\$	(905,400)	\$	(945,631)
Foreign exchange derivatives	Cost of goods sold		18,147		35,567		58,438		27,327
Foreign exchange derivatives	Marketing, general and administrative expenses		1,097		838		1,600		1,011
Embedded derivative	Other income		258		308		2,057		2,174
Total		\$	(305,463)	\$	(516,272)	\$	(843,305)	\$	(915,119)

#### Commodity Contracts

As of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, we had outstanding commodity futures and options contracts that were used as economic hedges, as well as fixed-price forward contracts related to physical purchases and sales of commodities. The table below presents the notional volumes for all outstanding commodity contracts:

_	May 31,	2022	August 31	, 2021		
	Long	Short	Long	Short		
		(Units in tho	housands)			
Grain and oilseed (bushels)	754,573	1,279,773	666,726	851,582		
Energy products (barrels)	13,138	8,778	9,881	7,656		
Processed grain and oilseed (tons)	1,050	4,475	559	3,418		
Crop nutrients (tons)	74	3	66	12		
Ocean freight (metric tons)	45	_	210			

#### Foreign Exchange Contracts

We conduct a substantial portion of our business in U.S. dollars, but we are exposed to risks relating to foreign currency fluctuations, primarily due to global grain marketing transactions in South America, the Asia Pacific region and Europe, and purchases of products from Canada. We use foreign currency derivative instruments to mitigate the impact of exchange rate fluctuations. Although we have some risk exposure related to foreign currency transactions, a larger impact with exchange rate fluctuations is the ability of foreign buyers to purchase U.S. agricultural products and the competitiveness of U.S. agricultural products compared to the same products offered by alternative sources of world supply. The notional amount of our foreign exchange derivative contracts was \$1.9 billion and \$1.2 billion as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, respectively.

#### Embedded Derivative Asset

Under the terms of our strategic investment in CF Nitrogen, if the credit rating of CF Industries is reduced below certain levels by two of three specified credit ratings agencies, we are entitled to receive a nonrefundable annual payment of \$5.0 million from CF Industries. These payments will continue on an annual basis until the date that the credit rating of CF Industries is upgraded to above certain levels by two of the three specified credit ratings agencies or February 1, 2026, whichever is earlier.

Since the credit rating of CF Industries was reduced below the specified levels during fiscal 2017, we have received an annual payment of \$5.0 million from CF Industries. Gains totaling \$2.1 million and \$2.2 million were recognized in other income in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The fair value of the embedded derivative asset recorded on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of May 31, 2022, was equal to \$13.5 million. The current and long-term portions of the embedded derivative asset are included in other current assets and other assets on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, respectively. See Note 12, *Fair Value Measurements*, for additional information regarding valuation of the embedded derivative asset.

#### Derivatives Designated as Cash Flow Hedging Strategies

Certain pay-fixed, receive-variable, cash-settled swaps are designated as cash flow hedges of future crude oil purchases in our Energy segment. We also designate certain pay-variable, receive-fixed, cash-settled swaps as cash flow hedges of future refined energy product sales. These hedging instruments and the related hedged items are exposed to significant market price risk and potential volatility. As part of our risk management strategy, we look to hedge a portion of our expected future crude oil needs and the resulting refined product output based on prevailing futures prices, management's expectations about future commodity price changes and our risk appetite. We may also elect to dedesignate certain derivative instruments previously designated as cash flow hedges as part of our risk management strategy. Amounts recorded in other comprehensive income for these dedesignated derivative instruments remain in other comprehensive income and are recognized in earnings in the period in which the underlying transactions affect earnings. As of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, the aggregate notional amounts of cash flow hedges were 6.1 million and 2.7 million barrels, respectively.

The following table presents the fair value of our commodity derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges and the line items on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets in which they are recorded:

	 Derivati	ve As	sets		Derivative	Liab	ilities
<b>Balance Sheet Location</b>	May 31, 2022		August 31, 2021	Balance Sheet Location	May 31, 2022		August 31, 2021
	(Dollars in	thou	sands)		(Dollars in	thou	sands)
Other current assets	\$ 19,596	\$	11,874	Other current liabilities	\$ 54,150	\$	1,001

The following table presents the pretax losses recorded in other comprehensive income relating to cash flow hedges for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021:

	Three Months	End	ed May 31,		Nine Months I	Ended May 31,		
	2022		2021		2022		2021	
			(Dollars in	thou	sands)			
Commodity derivatives	\$ (36,688)	\$	(7,590)	\$	(51,961)	\$	(7,700)	

The following table presents the pretax (losses) gains relating to our existing cash flow hedges that were reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss into our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021:

		Three Months	End	ed May 31,	Nine Months	Ende	d May 31,	
	Location of Gain	2022 2021 2022		2022		2021		
				(Dollars in	thou	isands)		
Commodity derivatives	Cost of goods sold	\$ (5,482)	\$	2,329	\$	12,777	\$	19,084

#### Note 12 Fair Value Measurements

ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, defines fair value as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

We determine fair values of derivative instruments and certain other assets based on the fair value hierarchy established in ASC Topic 820, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. ASC Topic 820 describes three levels within its hierarchy that may be used to measure fair value. Level 1 inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active and other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity for the assets or liabilities. Categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input significant to the fair value measurement.

Recurring fair value measurements as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, are as follows:

,	May 31, 2022								
	Àc	oted Prices in tive Markets or Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Total	
	(Dollars in t		tho	usands)					
Assets	Φ.	4 = 0.0						<b>-</b> 04 <b>-</b> 40	
Commodity derivatives		1,790	\$	779,973	\$	<u> </u>	\$	781,763	
Foreign exchange derivatives		_		114,804		<del>-</del>		114,804	
Deferred compensation assets		47,435		_				47,435	
Embedded derivative asset		_		13,545		_		13,545	
Segregated investments and marketable securities		319,551		_		_		319,551	
Other assets		5,965		_				5,965	
Total	\$	374,741	\$	908,322	\$		\$	1,283,063	
Liabilities									
Commodity derivatives	\$	3,678	\$	660,134	\$	_	\$	663,812	
Foreign exchange derivatives				15,454				15,454	
Total	\$	3,678	\$	675,588	\$		\$	679,266	
				August	31,	2021			
	À	noted Prices in ctive Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		August Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	31,	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Total	
	À	ctive Markets for Identical Assets		Significant Other Observable Inputs		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Total	
Assets	Ac f	ctive Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (Dollars in	tho	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Commodity derivatives	. \$	ctive Markets for Identical Assets	\$	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (Dollars in		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	\$	544,706	
	. \$	ctive Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	\$	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (Dollars in	tho	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	\$		
Commodity derivatives  Foreign exchange derivatives  Deferred compensation assets	. \$	ctive Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	\$	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (Dollars in 542,253 19,429	tho	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	\$	544,706 19,429 51,940	
Commodity derivatives  Foreign exchange derivatives	. \$	ctive Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	\$	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (Dollars in	tho	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	\$	544,706 19,429	
Commodity derivatives  Foreign exchange derivatives  Deferred compensation assets	- \$	ctive Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	\$	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (Dollars in 542,253 19,429	tho	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	\$	544,706 19,429 51,940	
Commodity derivatives  Foreign exchange derivatives  Deferred compensation assets  Embedded derivative asset	\$	ctive Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) 2,453 — 51,940	\$	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (Dollars in 542,253 19,429	tho	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	\$	544,706 19,429 51,940 16,488	
Commodity derivatives  Foreign exchange derivatives  Deferred compensation assets  Embedded derivative asset  Segregated investments and marketable securities	. \$	2,453 — 51,940 — 99,837	\$	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (Dollars in 542,253 19,429	tho	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	\$	544,706 19,429 51,940 16,488 99,837	
Commodity derivatives  Foreign exchange derivatives  Deferred compensation assets  Embedded derivative asset  Segregated investments and marketable securities  Other assets	. \$	2,453 — 51,940 — 99,837 — 6,052		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (Dollars in  542,253 19,429 — 16,488 — —	\$	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		544,706 19,429 51,940 16,488 99,837 6,052	
Commodity derivatives  Foreign exchange derivatives  Deferred compensation assets  Embedded derivative asset  Segregated investments and marketable securities  Other assets  Total	A	2,453 — 51,940 — 99,837 — 6,052		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (Dollars in  542,253 19,429 — 16,488 — —	\$	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		544,706 19,429 51,940 16,488 99,837 6,052	
Commodity derivatives  Foreign exchange derivatives  Deferred compensation assets  Embedded derivative asset  Segregated investments and marketable securities  Other assets  Total  Liabilities	A	2,453 — 51,940 — 99,837 — 6,052	\$	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) (Dollars in  542,253 19,429 — 16,488 — 578,170	\$ <b>\$</b>	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	\$	544,706 19,429 51,940 16,488 99,837 6,052 738,452	

Commodity and foreign exchange derivatives. Exchange-traded futures and options contracts are valued based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and are classified within Level 1. Our forward commodity purchase and sales contracts with fixed-price components, select ocean freight contracts and other OTC derivatives are determined using inputs that are generally based on exchange-traded prices and/or recent market bids and offers, including location-specific adjustments, and are classified within Level 2. Location-specific inputs are driven by local market supply and demand and are generally based on broker or dealer quotations or market transactions in either listed or OTC markets. Changes in the fair values of these contracts are recognized in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations as a component of cost of goods sold.

Deferred compensation and other assets. Our deferred compensation investments consist primarily of rabbi trust assets that are valued based on unadjusted quoted prices on active exchanges and are classified within Level 1. Changes in the fair values of these other assets are primarily recognized in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations as a component of marketing, general and administrative expenses.

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Embedded derivative asset. The embedded derivative asset relates to contingent payments inherent to our investment in CF Nitrogen. The inputs used in the fair value measurement include the probability of future upgrades and downgrades of the credit rating of CF Industries based on historical credit rating movements of other public companies and the discount rates applied to potential annual payments based on applicable historical and current yield coupon rates. Based on these observable inputs, our fair value measurement is classified within Level 2. See Note 11, Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities, for additional information.

Segregated investments and marketable securities. Our segregated investments and marketable securities are comprised of investments in various government agencies and U.S. Treasury securities, which are valued using quoted market prices and classified within Level 1.

#### Note 13 Commitments and Contingencies

#### Environmental

We are required to comply with various environmental laws and regulations incidental to our normal business operations. To meet our compliance requirements, we establish reserves for future costs of remediation associated with identified issues that are both probable and can be reasonably estimated. Estimates of environmental costs are based on current available facts, existing technology, undiscounted site-specific costs and currently enacted laws and regulations and are included in cost of goods sold and marketing, general and administrative expenses in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. Recoveries, if any, are recorded in the period in which recovery is received. Liabilities are monitored and adjusted as new facts or changes in law or technology occur. The resolution of any such matters may affect consolidated net income for any fiscal period; however, we currently believe any resulting liabilities, individually or in aggregate, will not have a material effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows during any fiscal year.

#### Other Litigation and Claims

We are involved as a defendant in various lawsuits, claims and disputes, in the normal course of our business. The resolution of any such matters may affect net income for any fiscal period; however, we currently believe any resulting liabilities, individually or in aggregate, will not have a material effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows during any fiscal year.

#### Guarantees

We are a guarantor for lines of credit and performance obligations of related, nonconsolidated companies. Our bank covenants allow maximum guarantees of \$1.0 billion, of which \$213.0 million were outstanding on May 31, 2022. We have collateral for a portion of these contingent obligations. We have not recorded a liability related to the contingent obligations as we do not expect to pay out any cash related to them, and the fair values are considered immaterial. The underlying loans to the counterparties for which we provide these guarantees were current as of May 31, 2022.

### Note 14 Other Current Assets and Liabilities

Other current assets and liabilities as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, are as follows:

	May 31, 2022		August 31, 2021
Other current assets	(Dollars in	thous	ands)
Derivative assets (Note 11)	\$ 880,836	\$	559,056
Margin and related deposits	425,943		336,397
Supplier advance payments	386,174		194,706
Restricted cash	170,837		129,325
Other	197,685		170,749
Total other current assets	\$ 2,061,475	\$	1,390,233
Other current liabilities			
Customer margin deposits and credit balances	\$ 383,743	\$	269,114
Customer advance payments	771,540		439,293
Derivative liabilities (Note 11)	675,708		449,522
Dividends and equity payable	363,491		150,000
Total other current liabilities	\$ 2,194,482	\$	1,307,929

### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") is intended to provide a reader of our condensed consolidated financial statements with a narrative from the perspective of our management regarding our financial condition and results of operations, liquidity and certain other factors that may affect our future results. Our MD&A is presented in the following sections:

- Overview
- Business Strategy
- Fiscal 2022 Third Quarter Highlights
- Fiscal 2022 Trends Update
- Operating Metrics
- Results of Operations
- Liquidity and Capital Resources
- Critical Accounting Policies
- Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Our MD&A should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2021 (including the information presented therein under Risk Factors), as well as the condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in Item 1 of Part I and the risk factors included in Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### Overview

CHS Inc. ("CHS") is a diversified company that provides grain, food, agronomy and energy resources to businesses and consumers on a global scale. As a cooperative, we are owned by farmers, ranchers and member cooperatives across the United States. We also have preferred shareholders who own our five series of preferred stock, all of which are listed and traded on the Global Select Market of The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC. We operate in the following three reportable segments:

- Energy. Produces and provides primarily for the wholesale distribution and transportation of petroleum products.
- Ag. Purchases and further processes or resells grain and oilseed originated by our country operations business, by our member cooperatives and by third parties, and also serves as a wholesaler and retailer of agronomy products.
- *Nitrogen Production*. Produces and distributes nitrogen fertilizer. It consists of our equity method investment in CF Industries Nitrogen, LLC ("CF Nitrogen"), and allocated expenses.

In addition, our financing and hedging businesses, along with our nonconsolidated food production and distribution and wheat milling joint ventures, have been aggregated within Corporate and Other.

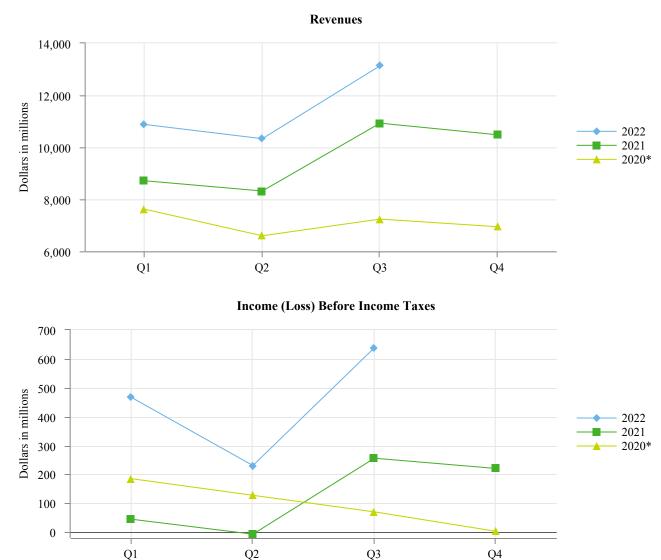
The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of CHS and all subsidiaries and limited liability companies in which we have a controlling interest. The effects of all significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

Corporate administrative expenses and interest are allocated to each reporting segment and Corporate and Other, based on direct use of services, such as information technology and legal, and other factors or considerations relevant to the costs incurred.

*Management's Focus*. When evaluating our operating performance, management focuses on gross profit and income before income taxes ("IBIT"). As a company that operates heavily in global commodities, there is significant unpredictability and volatility in pricing, costs and global trade volumes. Consequently, we focus on managing the margin we can earn and the resulting IBIT. Management also focuses on ensuring balance sheet strength through appropriate management of financial liquidity, leverage, capital allocation and cash flow optimization.

Seasonality. Many of our business activities are highly seasonal and our operating results vary throughout the year. Our revenues generally trend lower during the second and fourth fiscal quarters and higher during the first and third fiscal quarters; however, our IBIT does not necessarily follow the same trend due to weather and other events that can impact profitability. For example, in our Ag segment, our country operations business generally experiences higher volumes and revenues during the fall harvest and spring planting seasons, which generally correspond to our first and third fiscal quarters, respectively. Additionally, our agronomy business generally experiences higher volumes and revenues during the spring

planting season. Our global grain and processing operations are subject to fluctuations in volume and revenues based on producer harvests, world grain prices, demand and international trade relationships. Our Energy segment generally experiences higher volumes and revenues in certain operating areas, such as refined products, in the spring, summer and early fall when gasoline and diesel fuel use by agricultural producers is highest and is subject to global supply and demand forces. Other energy products, such as propane, generally experience higher volumes and revenues during the winter heating and fall crop-drying seasons. The graphs below depict the seasonality inherent in our businesses:



\*The COVID-19 pandemic started during the second quarter of fiscal 2020.

*Pricing and Volumes*. Our revenues, assets and cash flows can be significantly affected by global market prices and sales volumes of commodities such as petroleum products, natural gas, grain, oilseed products and agronomy products. Changes in market prices for commodities we purchase without a corresponding change in the selling prices of those products can affect revenues and operating earnings. Similarly, increased or decreased sales volumes without a corresponding change in the purchase and selling prices of those products can affect revenues and operating earnings. Commodity prices and sales volumes are affected by a wide range of factors beyond our control, including weather, crop damage due to plant disease or insects, drought, availability/adequacy of supply of a commodity, availability of reliable rail and river transportation networks, outbreaks of disease, government regulations and policies, global trade disputes, wars and civil unrest, and general political and/or economic conditions.

#### **Business Strategy**

Our business strategies focus on an enterprisewide effort to create an experience that empowers customers to make CHS their first choice, expand market access to add value for our owners and transform and evolve our core businesses by capitalizing on changing market dynamics. To execute these strategies, we are focused on implementing agile, efficient and

sustainable new technology platforms; building robust and efficient supply chains; hiring, developing and retaining high-performing, diverse and passionate teams; achieving operational excellence and continuous improvement; and maintaining a strong balance sheet.

#### Fiscal 2022 Third Quarter Highlights

- Robust global demand, coupled with increased market volatility, resulted in higher commodity prices and improved earnings.
- Our processing and wholesale agronomy product categories drove significantly improved earnings in our Ag segment.
- Higher refining margins in our Energy segment resulted from supply and demand factors, including trade flow
  disruptions caused by the Russian invasion of Ukraine and higher global demand for energy products as consumption
  outpaced supply.
- Equity method investments continue to perform well and represent a significant portion of our earnings with our CF Nitrogen investment being the largest contributor. The CF Nitrogen investment delivered improved earnings as a result of market conditions driven by strong global demand for urea and urea ammonium nitrate ("UAN").

#### Fiscal 2022 Trends Update

Our Energy and Ag segments operate in cyclical environments in which unforeseen market conditions can have significant positive or negative impacts. For example, we have experienced and anticipate continued effects of inflation on costs such as labor, freight and materials. In response to global inflationary pressures, the U.S. Federal Reserve and other foreign equivalents have started raising interest rates, which has resulted in uncertainty and volatility in global financial markets. Additionally, the Russian invasion of Ukraine in February 2022 has resulted in significant uncertainty and instability in global commodities markets, including agricultural commodities and crude oil. Ukraine is a key international grain originating country in which we operate. Our operations in Ukraine have been dramatically disrupted because of the war and some of our Ukrainian employees have been forced to relocate to other countries and within Ukraine, with many unable to perform all or some work duties. The ongoing war could cause harm to our employees and otherwise impair their ability to work for extended periods of time, as well as disrupt telecommunications systems, banks and other critical infrastructure necessary to conduct business in Ukraine. Although we do not have significant fixed assets or infrastructure in Ukraine, we continue to have grain inventory in various facilities in Ukraine. As a result of the war and related export bans that were put in place by the Ukrainian government in March 2022, our ability to access grain inventories in Ukraine has been limited and has resulted in an impairment of a portion of those grain inventories. We were able to sell limited amounts of Ukrainian inventory during the third quarter of fiscal 2022, which reduced our inventory position to approximately \$22.5 million as of May 31, 2022. Refer to Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional considerations of the risks this war may continue to have on our business operations and financial performance.

We continue to navigate the lingering effects of COVID-19. Most of the measures taken to mitigate the spread of COVID-19 have been eased; however, additional variants, the effectiveness of vaccines and other efforts to respond to COVID-19 in the United States and globally could continue to impact the profitability of our businesses and/or the need to assess for potential impairments. Refer to Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2021, for additional considerations of risks COVID-19 may continue to have on our business, liquidity, capital resources and financial results.

The energy industry continues to experience improved crack spreads and maintain higher volumes compared to the lows experienced during the early stages of the COVID-19 pandemic, which began in the second quarter of fiscal 2020 and significantly reduced our profitability in fiscal 2021. At the same time, the cost of renewable energy credits remains higher than historical levels, which continued to negatively impact our profitability during the third quarter of fiscal 2022. Russia's invasion of Ukraine has also resulted in significant volatility in crude oil prices as sanctions have limited crude oil supply in global markets and disrupted trade flows for energy products. We are unable to predict how long the current environment will last or the severity of the financial and operational impacts; however, we expect uncertainty and volatility to continue in the energy industry for the remainder of fiscal 2022, which could significantly impact our earnings.

Although challenges remain, the U.S. agricultural industry has experienced continued strong demand for grain and oilseed commodities, which has resulted in improved commodity prices. In addition, due to decreased global supply and strong global demand for fertilizer and related products, the current improved profitability could continue in our Ag and Nitrogen Production segments through the remainder of fiscal 2022 until supply becomes more balanced with the current strong demand. However, unforeseen global market conditions can positively or negatively impact agricultural commodity prices and volumes sold. We are unable to predict these conditions or the severity of the impact such conditions could have on our pricing and volumes. In addition to global supply and demand impacts, regional factors such as unpredictable weather conditions, including those due to climate change, could impact our operations. For example, unfavorable weather events and conditions experienced in fiscal 2021, including the effects of Hurricane Ida on our grain export terminal in Myrtle Grove, Louisiana, and drought

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conditions experienced in portions of our trade territory, have negatively impacted our revenues, margins and cash flows from core operations during fiscal 2022. As with others in our industry, we are seeing significantly higher freight costs that are the result of inflation and logistical challenges in the shipping industry, and we expect these challenges to continue for the remainder of fiscal 2022. Additionally, unforeseen global market conditions with negative impacts remain a risk that could put pressure on asset valuations in our Ag segment.

In addition to navigating market conditions that impact our businesses, we will continue to take actions in an effort to protect our financial health during fiscal 2022, while continuing to deliver on our enterprise resource planning system implementation and advancing our operating model.

#### **Operating Metrics**

#### Energy

Our Energy segment operations primarily include our refineries in Laurel, Montana, and McPherson, Kansas, which process crude oil to produce refined products, including gasoline, distillates and other products. The following table provides information about our consolidated refinery operations:

_	Three Months Er	nded May 31,	Nine Months Er	Ended May 31,	
_	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Refinery throughput volumes		(Barrels p	er day)		
Heavy, high-sulfur crude oil	106,658	94,854	104,090	94,758	
All other crude oil	72,915	69,156	72,359	61,893	
Other feedstocks and blendstocks	11,436	12,917	14,007	13,496	
Total refinery throughput volumes	191,009	176,927	190,456	170,147	
Refined fuel yields					
Gasolines	87,174	89,297	89,602	83,723	
Distillates	85,078	65,841	82,396	66,859	

We are subject to the Renewable Fuel Standard, which requires refiners to blend renewable fuels (e.g., ethanol and biodiesel) into their finished transportation fuels or purchase renewable energy credits, known as renewable identification numbers ("RINs"), in lieu of blending. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") generally establishes new annual renewable fuel percentage standards for each compliance year in the preceding year. In June 2022, the EPA issued a final renewable volume obligation ("RVO") for calendar years 2020 through 2022. The RVO for calendar year 2020 is lower than was previously issued, and the RVO for calendar year 2021 is lower than anticipated as a result of lower demand for refined fuels that occurred during calendar year 2021 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. We generate RINs through our blending activities, but we cannot generate enough RINs to meet the needs of our refining capacity, and RINs must be purchased on the open market. The price of RINs can be volatile, which can positively or negatively impact our profitability. The prices for D6 ethanol RINs and D4 ethanol RINs during the third quarter of fiscal 2022 compared to the same period of the prior year decreased by 2% and increased by 15%, respectively. Estimates of our RIN expense are calculated using an average RIN price each month.

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In addition to our internal operational reliability, the profitability of our Energy segment is largely driven by crack spreads (i.e., the price differential between refined products and inputs such as crude oil) and Western Canadian Select ("WCS") crude oil discounts (i.e., the price discount for WCS crude oil relative to West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") crude oil), which are driven by the supply and demand of refined products. Crack spreads and the WCS crude oil discounts both increased during the three and nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, compared to the same period during the prior year, contributing to improved IBIT for the Energy segment. The table below provides information about average market reference prices and discounts that impact our Energy segment:

	Three Months Ended May 31,				Nine Months Ended May		
		2022		2021	2022		2021
Market indicators							
WTI crude oil (dollars per barrel)	\$	106.39	\$	63.07	\$ 88.54	\$	52.00
WTI - WCS crude oil discount (dollars per barrel)	\$	12.98	\$	11.00	\$ 14.03	\$	10.90
Group 3 2:1:1 crack spread (dollars per barrel)*	\$	38.86	\$	20.27	\$ 24.93	\$	13.49
Group 3 5:3:2 crack spread (dollars per barrel)*	\$	36.30	\$	20.38	\$ 23.70	\$	13.28
D6 ethanol RIN (dollars per RIN)	\$	1.3176	\$	1.3496	\$ 1.1995	\$	0.9242
D4 ethanol RIN (dollars per RIN)	\$	1.6443	\$	1.4342	\$ 1.5175	\$	1.0928

<sup>\*</sup>Group 3 refers to the oil refining and distribution system serving Midwest markets from the Gulf Coast through the Plains states.

Ag

Our Ag segment operations work together to facilitate production, purchase, sale and eventual use of grain and other agricultural commodities within the United States and internationally. Profitability in our Ag segment is largely driven by throughput and production volumes, as well as commodity price spreads; however, revenues and cost of goods sold ("COGS") are largely affected by market-driven commodity prices that are outside our control. The table below provides information about average market prices for agricultural commodities and our sales/throughput volumes that impacted our Ag segment for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021:

		 Three Months	End	ed May 31,	_	Nine Months	Ende	ed May 31,
	Market Source*	2022		2021		2022		2021
Commodity prices								
Corn (dollars per bushel)	Chicago Board of Trade	\$ 7.74	\$	6.54	\$	6.34	\$	5.27
Soybeans (dollars per bushel)	Chicago Board of Trade	\$ 16.70	\$	15.13	\$	14.18	\$	13.20
Wheat (dollars per bushel)	Chicago Board of Trade	\$ 10.46	\$	6.75	\$	8.74	\$	6.38
Urea (dollars per ton)	Green Markets NOLA	\$ 745.00	\$	376.00	\$	688.00	\$	298.00
Urea ammonium nitrate (dollars per ton)	Green Markets NOLA	\$ 615.04	\$	295.68	\$	539.52	\$	189.76
Ethanol (dollars per gallon)	Chicago Platts	\$ 2.62	\$	2.16	\$	2.62	\$	1.72
Volumes								
Grain and oilseed (thousands of bu	ushels)	575,827		685,761		1,674,894		2,099,623
North American grain and oilseed of bushels)	port throughput (thousands	176,773		199,246		536,695		736,612
Wholesale crop nutrients (thousan	ds of tons)	1,750		2,857		4,949		6,265
Ethanol (thousands of gallons)		234,679		221,125		687,280		660,043

<sup>\*</sup>Market source information represents the average month-end price during the period.

#### **Results of Operations**

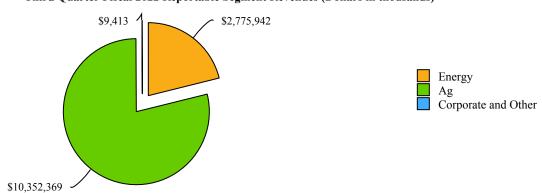
#### Three Months Ended May 31, 2022 and 2021

	Three Months Ended May 31,							
	2022	% of Revenues*	2021	% of Revenues*				
		(Dollars in	thousands)					
Revenues	\$ 13,137,724	100.0 %	\$ 10,929,976	100.0 %				
Cost of goods sold	12,493,467	95.1	10,615,348	97.1				
Gross profit	644,257	4.9	314,628	2.9				
Marketing, general and administrative expenses	243,136	1.9	186,703	1.7				
Operating earnings	401,121	3.1	127,925	1.2				
Interest expense	32,099	0.2	28,992	0.3				
Other income	(6,636)	(0.1)	(10,748)	(0.1)				
Equity income from investments	(263,079)	(2.0)	(146,522)	(1.3)				
Income before income taxes	638,737	4.9	256,203	2.3				
Income tax expense (benefit)	62,492	0.5	(17,469)	(0.2)				
Net income	576,245	4.4	273,672	2.5				
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(329)		81					
Net income attributable to CHS Inc.	\$ 576,574	4.4 %	\$ 273,591	2.5 %				

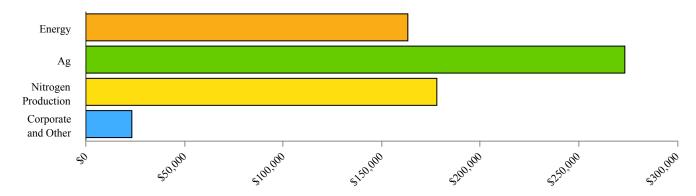
<sup>\*</sup>Amounts less than 0.1% are shown as zero percent. Percentage totals may differ due to rounding.

The charts below detail revenues, net of intersegment revenues, and IBIT by reportable segment for the three months ended May 31, 2022. Our Nitrogen Production reportable segment represents an equity method investment that records earnings and allocated expenses but not revenues.

Third Quarter Fiscal 2022 Reportable Segment Revenues (Dollars in thousands)



Third Quarter Fiscal 2022 Reportable Segment Income Before Income Taxes (Dollars in thousands)



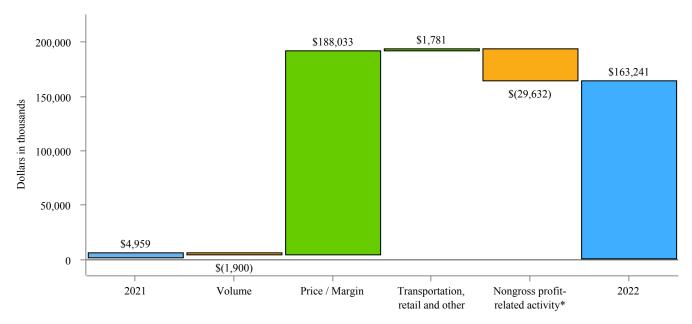
#### **Income Before Income Taxes by Segment**

#### Energy

	Three Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022		20	2021 Dollars		Dollars	Percent
		(E	Oollars in	thousand	ls)		
Income before income taxes	\$ 163,	241	\$	4,959	\$	158,282	3,191.8 %

The following waterfall analysis and commentary presents the changes in our Energy segment IBIT for the three months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year:

#### **Changes in Energy Segment IBIT**



<sup>\*</sup>See commentary related to these changes in the marketing, general and administrative expenses, interest expense, other income and equity income from investments sections of this Results of Operations.

The change in Energy segment IBIT reflects the following:

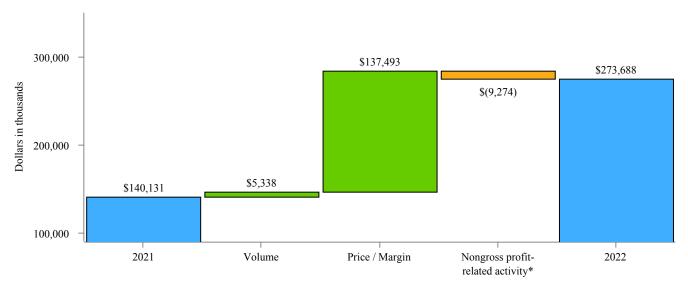
- Higher crack spreads and increased WCS crude oil discounts reflect higher global demand and improved market conditions in our refined fuels business, which contributed to a \$283.6 million increase of IBIT.
- Increased margins due to higher crack spreads and WCS crude oil discounts were partially offset by hedging-related losses and other increased costs in our refined fuels business, including higher RIN and natural gas prices due to market conditions.
- Increased margins were also partially offset by reduced volumes of refined fuels that resulted from a later and more compressed planting season compared to the prior year.

Ag

	Three Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022	2021		Dollars		Percent	
		(Dollars	in thousand	ls)			
Income before income taxes	\$ 273,688	\$	140,131	\$	133,557	95.3 %	

The following waterfall analysis and commentary presents the changes in our Ag segment IBIT for the three months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year:

#### **Changes in Ag Segment IBIT**



<sup>\*</sup>See commentary related to these changes in the marketing, general and administrative expenses, interest expense, other income and equity income from investments sections of this Results of Operations.

The change in Ag segment IBIT reflects the following:

- Increased margins of \$130.7 million in our oilseed processing product category resulted from strong meal and oil demand during the third quarter of fiscal 2022 and \$70.4 million in our wholesale agronomy product category resulted from global market conditions and global supply disruptions during the third quarter of fiscal 2022.
- Increased oilseed processing and wholesale agronomy margins were partially offset by decreased margins for our feed and farm supplies and grain and oilseed product categories, which declined as a result of less favorable pricing and global market conditions, respectively.

#### All Other Segments

	Three Months	Ended May 31,	Change		
	2022	2021	Dollars	Percent	
		(Dollars in thousand	s)	_	
Nitrogen Production IBIT*	\$ 178,212	\$ 46,635	\$ 131,577	282.1 %	
Corporate and Other IBIT	\$ 23,596	\$ 64,478	\$ (40,882)	(63.4)%	

<sup>\*</sup>For additional information, see Note 5, Investments, of the notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements that are included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Our Nitrogen Production segment IBIT increased as a result of higher equity income attributed to increased sale prices of urea and UAN, which was partially offset by increased natural gas costs. Corporate and Other IBIT decreased primarily due to higher performance-based incentive compensation accruals associated with improved financial results compared to the prior year and decreased equity earnings from our Ventura Foods, LLC, investment as a result of more favorable market conditions experienced during the prior year as COVID-19 restrictions began to ease.

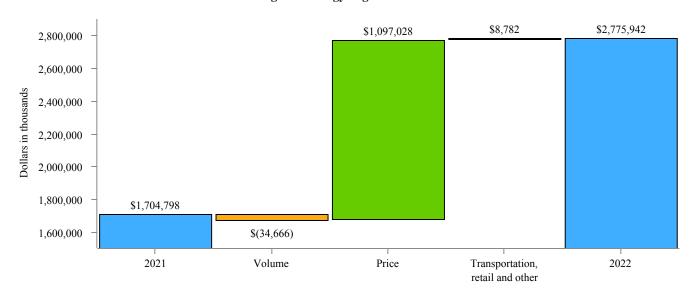
#### **Revenues by Segment**

#### Energy

	Three Months I	Ended May 31,	Change				
	2022	2022 2021		Percent			
	(Dollars in thousands)						
Revenues	\$ 2,775,942	\$ 1,704,798	\$ 1,071,144	62.8 %			

The following waterfall analysis and commentary presents the changes in our Energy segment revenues for the three months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year:

#### **Changes in Energy Segment Revenues**



The change in Energy segment revenues reflects the following:

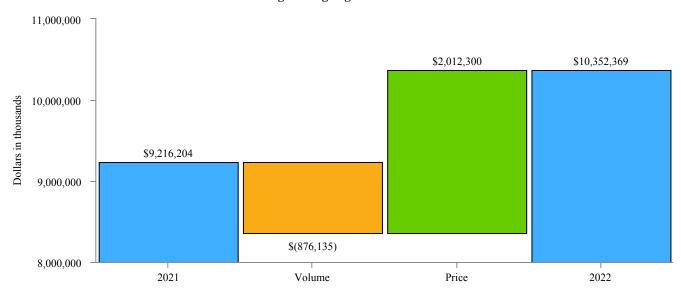
- Increased selling prices resulting from global market conditions contributed to a \$1.0 billion increase in revenues for refined fuels and a \$78.6 million increase in revenues for propane.
- Lower refined fuels volumes contributed to a \$42.9 million decrease in revenues driven by lower demand due to a later and more compressed planting season compared to the same period of the prior year, which was partially offset by increased volumes of propane.

Ag

	Three Months	Ended May 31,	Change		
	2022	2022 2021		Percent	
	(	Dollars in thousand	ls)		
Revenues	\$ 10,352,369	\$ 9,216,204	\$ 1,136,165	12.3 %	

The following waterfall analysis and commentary presents the changes in our Ag segment revenues for the three months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year:

#### **Changes in Ag Segment Revenues**



The change in Ag segment revenues reflects the following:

- Higher pricing attributed to market-driven price increases across most of our Ag segment product categories during the third quarter of fiscal 2022, including:
  - \$1.3 billion increase for grain and oilseed driven by increased global demand;
  - \$771.7 million increase for wholesale agronomy products resulting from strong global market demand and global supply disruptions;
  - \$142.1 million increase for oilseed processing due to strong meal and oil demand; and
  - \$113.8 million increase for renewable fuels resulting from high demand.
- Decreased volumes of grain and oilseed contributed to a \$969.1 million decrease in revenues. The decreased volumes resulted from a combination of factors, including the comparable period of the prior year experiencing elevated volumes following the Phase One trade agreement with China, which have since plateaued, and lower crop yields due to drought conditions experienced in portions of our trade territory in North America.
- The grain and oilseed volume decrease was partially offset by the net impact of volumes across most of our other Ag
  segment product categories, including increased volumes of feed and farm supplies during the spring planting season,
  increased volumes of processed oilseed and renewable fuels resulting from global market conditions and decreased
  volumes of wholesale agronomy products due to less favorable weather conditions during the spring planting and
  application season of fiscal 2022 compared to the prior year.

#### All Other Segments

	Three Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022		2021		Dollars		Percent
		(	Dolla	ars in thousand	s)	<u> </u>	
Corporate and Other revenues*	\$	9,413	\$	8,974	\$	439	4.9 %

<sup>\*</sup>Our Nitrogen Production reportable segment represents an equity method investment that records earnings and allocated expenses but not revenues.

There were no significant changes to revenues in Corporate and Other during the three months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year.

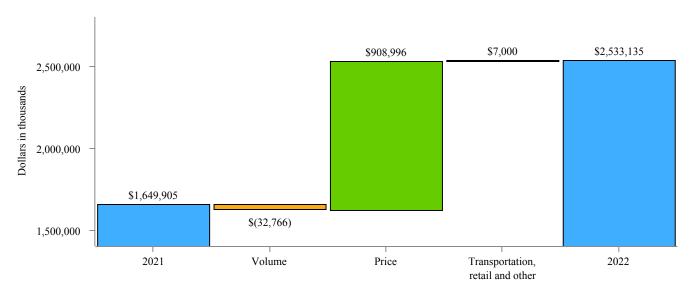
#### Cost of Goods Sold by Segment

#### Energy

	Three Months	Ended May 31,	Change		
	2022	2022 2021		Percent	
	(	Dollars in thousand	s)		
Cost of goods sold	\$ 2,533,135	\$ 1,649,905	\$ 883,230	53.5 %	

The following waterfall analysis and commentary presents the changes in our Energy segment COGS for the three months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year:

#### **Changes in Energy Segment COGS**



The change in Energy segment COGS reflects the following:

- Increased costs for refined fuels contributed to a \$834.7 million increase in COGS driven by global market conditions.
- Higher costs for propane as a result of global market conditions and reversal of unrealized hedging-related gains from the prior fiscal year resulted in a \$65.9 million increase of COGS.
- Lower volumes of refined fuels contributed to a \$41.6 million decrease in COGS driven by lower demand due to a later and more compressed planting season compared to the same period of the prior year, which was partially offset by increased volumes of propane.

	Three Months Ended May 31,			 Change		
	2022 2021		Dollars Percent			
Cost of goods sold	\$ 9,960,6	31 \$	8,967,297	\$ 993,334	11.1 %	

The following waterfall analysis and commentary presents the changes in our Ag segment COGS for the three months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year:

# **Changes in Ag Segment COGS**



The change in Ag segment COGS reflects the following:

- Higher costs attributed to market-driven price increases across most of our Ag segment product categories during the third quarter of fiscal 2022, including:
  - \$1.3 billion increase for grain and oilseed driven by increased global demand;
  - \$701.3 million increase for wholesale agronomy products resulting from strong global market demand and global supply disruptions; and
  - \$115.3 million increase for renewable fuels resulting from high demand driving higher prices.
- Decreased volumes of grain and oilseed contributed to a \$963.6 million decrease in COGS. The decreased volumes resulted from a combination of factors, including the comparable period of the prior year experiencing elevated volumes following the Phase One trade agreement with China, which have since plateaued, and lower crop yields due to drought conditions experienced in portions of our trade territory in North America.
- The grain and oilseed volume decrease was partially offset by the net impact of volumes across most of our other Ag
  segment product categories, including increased volumes of feed and farm supplies during the spring planting season,
  increased volumes of processed oilseed and renewable fuels resulting from global market conditions and decreased
  volumes of wholesale agronomy products due to less favorable weather conditions during the spring planting and
  application season of fiscal 2022 compared to the prior year.

## All Other Segments

	Three Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022	2022 2021			Dollars	Percent	
		(D	ollars in	thousand	s)	_	
Nitrogen Production COGS	\$ 42	28	\$	425	\$	3	0.7%
Corporate and Other COGS	\$ (72	27)	\$	(2,279)	\$	1,552	68.1%

There were no significant changes to COGS in our Nitrogen Production segment or Corporate and Other during the three months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year.

## Marketing, General and Administrative Expenses

	Three Months Ended May 31,			Change		
	2022	2021		Dollars	Percent	
		Dollars in thousar	ıds)			
Marketing, general and administrative expenses	\$ 243,136	\$ 186,703	\$	56,433	30.2 %	

Marketing, general and administrative expenses increased during the three months ended May 31, 2022, primarily due to higher performance-based incentive compensation accruals driven by improved financial results in comparison to the prior year, as well as increased external consulting expenses for projects such as our enterprise resource planning system implementation and strategic adjustments to our operating model.

# **Interest Expense**

	Three Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022			2021		Dollars	Percent
		(	Dolla	rs in thousand	s)		
Interest expense	\$	32,099	\$	28,992	\$	3,107	10.7 %

Interest expense increased during the three months ended May 31, 2022, as a result of higher interest rates compared to the same period of the prior year.

## Other Income

_	Three Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022		2021		Dollars	Percent	
		(Dol	lars in thousand	ls)	- "-	_	
Other income	\$ 6,63	6 \$	10,748	\$	(4,112)	(38.3)%	

Other income decreased during the three months ended May 31, 2022, primarily due to investment gains during the third quarter of the prior year that did not reoccur during the current year.

## **Equity Income from Investments**

	Three Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022		2021		Dollars	Percent	
		(Do	llars in thousand	ls)			
Equity income from investments*	\$ 263,0	79 \$	146,522	\$	116,557	79.5 %	

<sup>\*</sup>For additional information, see Note 5, Investments, of the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements that are included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Equity income from investments increased during the three months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year, primarily due to higher income associated with our equity method investment in CF Nitrogen. CF Nitrogen experienced increased sale prices of urea and UAN due to strong global demand and decreased global supply.

## **Income Tax Expense (Benefit)**

	 Three Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022	2022 2021			Dollars	Percent	
	(	Doll	ars in thousands)	)			
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 62,492	\$	(17,469)	\$	79,961	457.7 %	

Increased income tax expense during the three months ended May 31, 2022, resulted from increased earnings during the third quarter of fiscal 2022. Effective tax rates for the three months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, were 9.8% and (6.8)%, respectively. Federal and state statutory rates applied to nonpatronage business activity were 24.4% and 24.9% for the three months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Income taxes and effective tax rates vary each year based on profitability, nonpatronage business activity and current equity management assumptions.

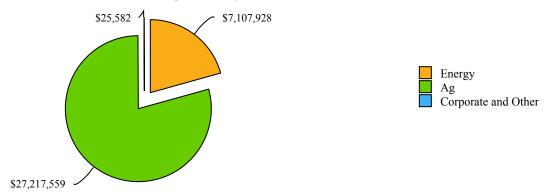
# Nine Months Ended May 31, 2022 and 2021

	Nine Months Ended May 31,							
	2022	% of Revenues*	2021	% of Revenues*				
		(Dollars in	thousands)					
Revenues	\$ 34,351,069	100.0 %	\$ 27,965,778	100.0 %				
Cost of goods sold	32,917,906	95.8	27,371,326	97.9				
Gross profit	1,433,163	4.2	594,452	2.1				
Marketing, general and administrative expenses	692,395	2.0	518,875	1.9				
Operating earnings	740,768	2.2	75,577	0.3				
Interest expense	80,705	0.2	82,897	0.3				
Other income	(31,817)	(0.1)	(41,219)	(0.1)				
Equity income from investments	(644,347)	(1.9)	(260,654)	(0.9)				
Income before income taxes	1,336,227	3.9	294,553	1.1				
Income tax expense (benefit)	89,143	0.3	(10,130)					
Net income	1,247,084	3.6	304,683	1.1				
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(451)		(350)					
Net income attributable to CHS Inc.	\$ 1,247,535	3.6 %	\$ 305,033	1.1 %				

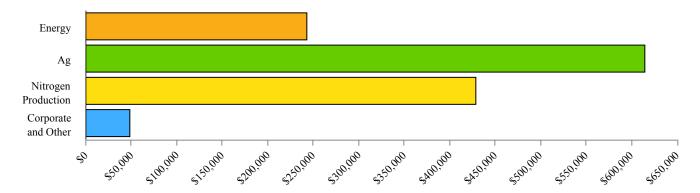
<sup>\*</sup>Amounts less than 0.1% are shown as zero percent. Percentage totals may differ due to rounding.

The charts below detail revenues, net of intersegment revenues, and IBIT by reportable segment for the nine months ended May 31, 2022. Our Nitrogen Production reportable segment represents an equity method investment that records earnings and allocated expenses but not revenues.

Year-to-Date Fiscal 2022 Reportable Segment Revenues (Dollars in thousands)



Year-to-Date Fiscal 2022 Reportable Segment Income Before Income Taxes (Dollars in thousands)



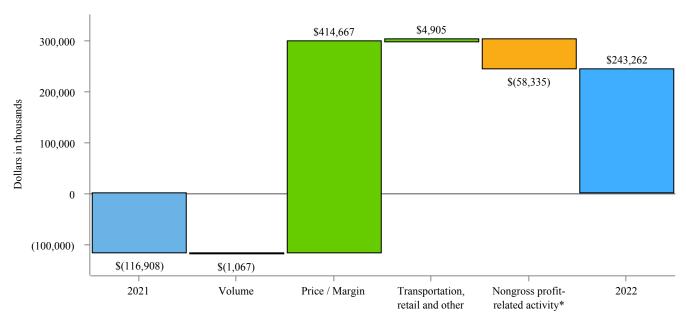
# Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes by Segment

## Energy

	Nine Months	Ended May 31,	Change		
	2022	2021	Dollars	Percent	
		(Dollars in thousand	s)		
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 243,262	\$ (116,908)	\$ 360,170	308.1 %	

The following waterfall analysis and commentary presents the changes in our Energy segment IBIT for the nine months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year:

# **Changes in Energy Segment IBIT**



<sup>\*</sup>See commentary related to these changes in the marketing, general and administrative expenses, interest expense, other income and equity income from investments sections of this Results of Operations.

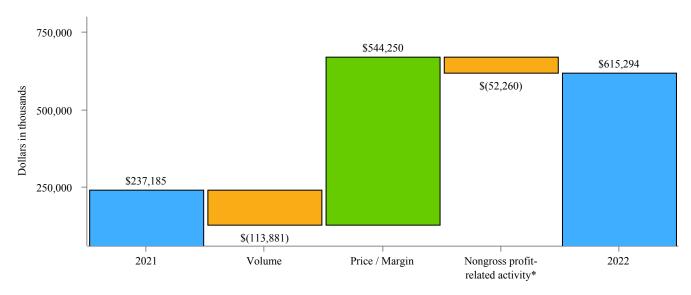
The change in Energy segment IBIT reflects the following:

- Higher crack spreads and increased WCS crude oil discounts reflect improved market conditions in our refined fuels business and contributed to a \$557.9 million increase of IBIT.
- Increased margins due to higher crack spreads and WCS crude oil discounts were partially offset by hedging-related losses and other increased costs for refined fuels, including higher RIN and natural gas prices due to market conditions.
- Lower propane margins resulting from the reversal of unrealized hedging-related gains from the prior year during fiscal 2022 also partially offset the improved earnings in our refined fuels business.

	Nine Months Ended May 31,				Change	
	2022		2021		Dollars	Percent
		(Dolla	ars in thousands	s)		
Income before income taxes	\$ 615,294	\$	237,185	\$	378,109	159.4 %

The following waterfall analysis and commentary presents the changes in our Ag segment IBIT for the nine months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year:

## **Changes in Ag Segment IBIT**



<sup>\*</sup>See commentary related to these changes in the marketing, general and administrative expenses, interest expense, other income and equity income from investments sections of this Results of Operations.

The change in Ag segment IBIT reflects the following:

- Increased margins across all our Ag segment product categories, including:
  - \$208.2 million increase for oilseed processing as a result of strong meal and oil demand;
  - \$171.7 million increase for wholesale agronomy products, which resulted from strong global market demand and global supply disruptions;
  - \$72.0 million increase for feed and farm supplies due to strong demand and global supply disruptions; and
  - \$55.2 million increase for grain and oilseed that resulted primarily from mark-to-market changes associated with our commodity derivatives, including lower unrealized losses.
- Decreased volumes due to supply chain constraints, less crop-drying activity and less favorable weather conditions
  during the planting and application season during fiscal 2022 resulted in a \$84.5 million decrease for feed and farm
  supplies.
- The remaining volume decrease related primarily to grain and oilseed, which resulted from a combination of factors, including the comparable period of the prior year experiencing elevated volumes following the Phase One trade agreement with China, which have since plateaued; lower crop yields due to drought conditions experienced in portions of our trade territory; and the impact of Hurricane Ida on our grain export terminal in Myrtle Grove, Louisiana, during the first quarter of fiscal 2022.

## All Other Segments

	Nine Months Ended May 31,				Change	
	2022	2022 2021			Dollars	Percent
		(Do	llars in thousand	ls)		
Nitrogen Production IBIT*	\$ 429,0	52 \$	62,270	\$	366,782	589.0 %
Corporate and Other IBIT	\$ 48,6	19 \$	112,006	\$	(63,387)	(56.6)%

<sup>\*</sup>For additional information, see Note 5, Investments, of the notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements that are included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Our Nitrogen Production segment IBIT increased as a result of higher equity income attributed to increased sale prices of urea and UAN, which was partially offset by higher natural gas costs. Corporate and Other IBIT decreased primarily due to higher performance-based incentive compensation accruals associated with improved results in comparison to the prior year.

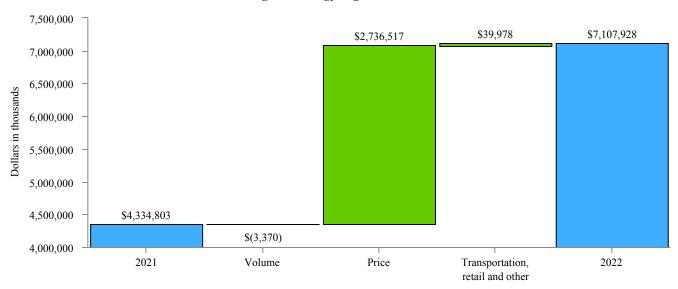
# **Revenues by Segment**

# Energy

	Nine Months	Ended May 31,	Cha	Change		
	2022	2021	Dollars	Percent		
		Dollars in thousand	ls)	_		
Revenues	\$ 7,107,928	\$ 4,334,803	\$ 2,773,125	64.0 %		

The following waterfall analysis and commentary presents the changes in our Energy segment revenues for the nine months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year:

# **Changes in Energy Segment Revenues**



The change in Energy segment revenues reflects the following:

- Increased selling prices for refined fuels due to global market conditions contributed to \$2.4 billion greater revenues.
- Increased selling prices for propane as a result of global market conditions during the nine months ended May 31, 2022, also positively impacted revenues by \$351.5 million.

_	Nine Months Ended May 31,			Change		
	2022	2022 2021			Percent	
		(Dollars in thous	ands)			
Revenues	\$ 27,217,559	\$ 23,599,81	8 \$	3,617,741	15.3 %	

The following waterfall analysis and commentary presents the changes in our Ag segment revenues for the nine months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year:

#### **Changes in Ag Segment Revenues**



The change in Ag segment revenues reflects the following:

- Higher pricing attributed to market-driven price increases across all of our Ag segment product categories, including:
  - \$3.8 billion increase in revenues for grain and oilseed driven by increased global demand;
  - \$2.0 billion increase for wholesale agronomy products resulting from strong global market demand and global supply disruptions;
  - \$986.9 million increase for feed and farm supplies due to strong demand and constrained supply;
  - \$654.4 million increase for renewable fuels resulting from high demand driving higher prices; and
  - \$448.1 million increase for oilseed processing due to strong meal and oil demand.
- Lower volumes of grain and oilseed contributed to a \$3.5 billion decrease in revenues. The decreased volumes resulted from a combination of factors, including the comparable period of the prior year experiencing elevated volumes following the Phase One trade agreement with China, which have since plateaued; a business model change at our TEMCO, LLC ("TEMCO"), equity method investment during the second quarter of fiscal 2021 that resulted in reduced revenues and COGS during the current period on certain transactions associated with TEMCO; lower crop yields due to drought conditions experienced in portions of our North American trade territory; and the impact of Hurricane Ida on our grain export terminal in Myrtle Grove, Louisiana, during the first quarter of fiscal 2022.
- The remaining volume decrease was experienced across most of our other Ag segment product categories, including a \$591.7 million decrease for feed and farm supplies due to supply chain constraints, less crop-drying activity and less favorable weather conditions during the spring planting and application season compared to the prior year.

# All Other Segments

_	Nine Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022	2021		Dollars		Percent	
		(Doll	ars in thousand	<u></u> s)			
Corporate and Other revenues*	\$ 25,582	\$	31,157	\$	(5,575)	(17.9)%	

<sup>\*</sup>Our Nitrogen Production reportable segment represents an equity method investment that records earnings and allocated expenses but not revenues.

Corporate and Other revenues decreased during the nine months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year primarily as a result of decreased revenues in our hedging business due to lower commissions from hedging activities.

# **Cost of Goods Sold by Segment**

# Energy

	Nine Months Ended May 31,				Change			
	2022	2022 2021			Dollars	Percent		
	(Dollars in thousands)							
Cost of goods sold	\$ 6,665,612	\$	4,310,992	\$	2,354,620	54.6 %		

The following waterfall analysis and commentary presents the changes in our Energy segment COGS for the nine months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year:

# **Changes in Energy Segment COGS**



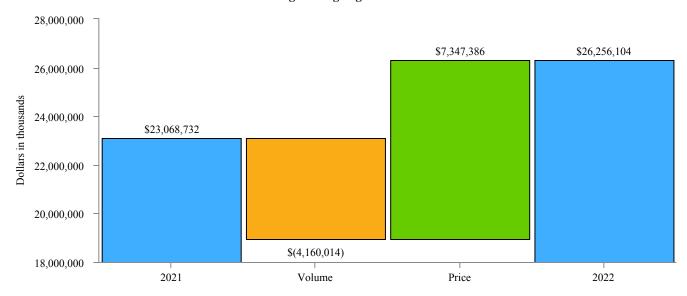
The change in Energy segment COGS reflects the following:

- Increased costs for refined fuels resulting from global market conditions contributed to \$1.9 billion increase in COGS.
- Higher costs for propane as a result of global market conditions and unrealized hedging-related losses resulted in a \$361.8 million increase in COGS.

	Nine Months Ended May 31,				Change				
	2022	2022 2021			Dollars Percent				
		(Dollars in thousands)							
Cost of goods sold	\$ 26,256,10	4 \$	23,068,732	\$	3,187,372	13.8 %			

The following waterfall analysis and commentary presents the changes in our Ag segment COGS for the nine months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year:

# **Changes in Ag Segment COGS**



The change in Ag segment COGS reflects the following:

- Higher costs attributed to market-driven price increases across all our Ag segment product categories, including:
  - \$3.7 billion increase for grain and oilseed driven by increased global demand;
  - \$1.9 billion increase for wholesale agronomy products resulting from strong global market demand and global supply disruptions;
  - \$914.9 million increase for feed and farm supplies due to strong demand and constrained supply;
  - \$617.3 million increase for renewable fuels resulting from high demand driving higher prices; and
  - \$239.9 million increase for oilseed processing due to strong meal and oil demand.
- Lower volumes of grain and oilseed contributed to a \$3.4 billion decrease in COGS. The decreased volumes resulted from a combination of factors, including the comparable period of the prior year experiencing elevated volumes following the Phase One trade agreement with China, which has since plateaued; a business model change at our TEMCO equity method investment during the second quarter of fiscal 2021 that resulted in reduced revenues and COGS during the current period on certain transactions associated with TEMCO; lower crop yields due to drought conditions experienced in portions of our North American trade territory; and the impact of Hurricane Ida on our grain export terminal in Myrtle Grove, Louisiana, during the first quarter of fiscal 2022.
- The remaining volume decrease was experienced across most of our other Ag segment product categories, including a \$507.1 million decrease for feed and farm supplies due to supply chain constraints, less crop-drying activity and timing differences associated with earlier spring demand during the prior year.

# All Other Segments

_	Nine Mon	hs En	ded May 31,	Change		
_	2022		2021	Dollars	Percent	
		(De	ollars in thousand	s)		
Nitrogen Production COGS	\$ 1,2	56	\$ 1,268	\$ (12)	(0.9)%	
Corporate and Other COGS	\$ (5,0	56) 5	(9,666)	\$ 4,600	47.6%	

There were no significant changes to COGS in our Nitrogen Production segment or Corporate and Other during the nine months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year.

# Marketing, General and Administrative Expenses

	Nine Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022		2021		Dollars	Percent	
		(Dolla	rs in thousand	s)		_	
Marketing, general and administrative expenses	\$ 692,395	\$	518,875	\$	173,520	33.4 %	

Marketing, general and administrative expenses increased during the nine months ended May 31, 2022, primarily due to higher performance-based incentive compensation accruals driven by improved financial results in comparison to the prior year, as well as increased external consulting expenses for projects such as our enterprise resource planning system implementation and strategic adjustments to our operating model.

# **Interest Expense**

	Nine Months Ended May 31,				Change			
	2022		2021		Dollars		Percent	
	(Dollars in thousands)							
Interest expense	\$	80,705	\$	82,897	\$	(2,192)	(2.6)%	

Interest expense decreased during the nine months ended May 31, 2022, as a result of lower notes payable balances compared to the same period of the prior year.

## Other Income

_	Nine Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022		2021		Dollars	Percent	
		(Dol	llars in thousand	ls)		_	
Other income	\$ 31,8	17 \$	41,219	\$	(9,402)	(22.8)%	

Other income decreased during the nine months ended May 31, 2022, primarily due to investment gains during the prior year that did not reoccur during the current year.

## **Equity Income from Investments**

	Nine Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022		2021		Dollars	Percent	
	(	Dolla	ers in thousand	s)			
Equity income from investments*	\$ 644,347	\$	260,654	\$	383,693	147.2 %	

<sup>\*</sup>For additional information, see Note 5, Investments, of the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements that are included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Equity income from investments increased during the nine months ended May 31, 2022, compared to the same period during the prior year, primarily due to increased income associated with our equity method investment in CF Nitrogen. CF Nitrogen experienced increased sale prices of urea and UAN due to strong global demand and decreased global supply.

## **Income Tax Expense (Benefit)**

	Nine Months Ended May 31,				Change		
	2022		2021		Dollars		Percent
			(Doll	ars in thousands	s)		
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 8	39,143	\$	(10,130)	\$	99,273	980.0 %

Increased income tax expense during the nine months ended May 31, 2022, primarily resulted from increased earnings during the first nine months of fiscal 2022. Effective tax rates for the nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, were 6.7% and (3.4)%, respectively. Federal and state statutory rates applied to nonpatronage business activity were 24.4% and 24.9% for the nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Income taxes and effective tax rates vary each year based on profitability, nonpatronage business activity and current equity management assumptions.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

In assessing our financial condition, we consider factors such as working capital, internal benchmarking related to our applicable covenants and other financial information. The following financial information is used when assessing our liquidity and capital resources to meet our capital allocation priorities, which include maintaining the safety and compliance of our operations, paying interest on debt and preferred stock dividends, returning cash to our member-owners in the form of cash patronage and equity redemptions, and taking advantage of strategic opportunities that benefit them:

	May 31, 2022	August 31, 2021
	(Dollars in	thousands)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 369,256	\$ 413,159
Notes payable	2,028,859	1,740,859
Long-term debt including current maturities	1,962,087	1,618,361
Total equities	9,741,178	9,017,326
Working capital	2,421,223	1,672,938
Current ratio*	1.3	1.3

<sup>\*</sup>Current ratio is defined as current assets divided by current liabilities.

# Summary of Our Major Sources of Cash and Cash Equivalents

We fund our current operations primarily through a combination of cash flows from operations supplemented with short-term borrowings through our committed and uncommitted revolving credit facilities, including our securitization facility with certain unaffiliated financial institutions and our repurchase facility relating thereto. We fund certain of our long-term capital needs, primarily those related to acquisitions of property, plant and equipment, with cash flows from operations and by issuing long-term debt. See Note 6, *Notes Payable and Long-Term Debt*, of the notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements that are included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information on our short-term borrowings and long-term debt. We will continue to consider opportunities to further diversify and enhance our sources and amounts of liquidity.

# Summary of Our Major Uses of Cash and Cash Equivalents

The following is a summary of our primary cash requirements for fiscal 2022:

- Capital expenditures. We expect total capital expenditures for fiscal 2022 to be approximately \$494.6 million compared to capital expenditures of \$317.8 million in fiscal 2021. During the nine months ended May 31, 2022, we acquired \$207.5 million of property, plant and equipment.
- *Debt and interest*. We expect to repay approximately \$38.5 million of long-term debt and finance lease obligations and incur interest payments related to long-term debt of approximately \$71.5 million during fiscal 2022. During the nine months ended May 31, 2022, we repaid \$30.6 million of scheduled long-term debt maturities.
- *Preferred stock dividends*. We had approximately \$2.3 billion of preferred stock outstanding as of May 31, 2022. We expect to pay dividends on our preferred stock of approximately \$168.7 million during fiscal 2022. Dividends paid on our preferred stock during the nine months ended May 31, 2022, were \$126.5 million.
- *Patronage*. Our Board of Directors has authorized approximately \$51.5 million of our fiscal 2021 patronage-sourced earnings to be paid to our member-owners during fiscal 2022. During the nine months ended May 31, 2022, we distributed \$51.0 million of cash patronage related to the year ended August 31, 2021.
- Equity redemptions. Our Board of Directors has authorized equity redemptions of \$115.0 million to be distributed in fiscal 2022 in the form of redemptions of qualified and nonqualified equity owned by individual producer-members and association members. During the nine months ended May 31, 2022, we redeemed \$99.2 million of member equity.

We believe cash generated by operating and investing activities, along with available borrowing capacity under our credit facilities, will be sufficient to support our operations for the foreseeable future. Our notes payable and long-term debt are subject to various restrictive requirements for maintenance of minimum consolidated net worth and other financial ratios. We were in compliance with all debt covenants and restrictions as of May 31, 2022. Based on our current fiscal 2022 projections, we expect continued covenant compliance.

## Working Capital

We measure working capital as current assets less current liabilities and believe this information is meaningful to investors as a measure of operational efficiency and short-term financial health. Working capital is not defined under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") and may not be computed the same as similarly titled measures used by other companies. Working capital as of May 31, 2022, and August 31, 2021, was as follows:

	]	May 31, 2022	Au	gust 31, 2021	Change
			(Dolla	rs in thousands)	
Current assets	\$	10,975,548	\$	7,998,951	\$ 2,976,597
Less current liabilities		8,554,325		6,326,013	 2,228,312
Working capital	\$	2,421,223	\$	1,672,938	\$ 748,285

As of May 31, 2022, working capital increased by \$748.3 million compared with August 31, 2021. Current asset balance changes increased working capital by \$3.0 billion, primarily driven by increases in receivables and inventories, which were driven by higher commodity prices and seasonality in our business. Current liability balance changes decreased working capital by \$2.2 billion, primarily due to increases in notes payable, accounts payable and customer advance payments, which were also driven by higher commodity prices and seasonality in our business.

We finance our working capital needs through committed and uncommitted lines of credit with domestic and international banks. We believe our current cash balances and available capacity on our committed and uncommitted lines of credit will provide adequate liquidity to meet our working capital needs.

# **Contractual Obligations**

For information regarding our estimated contractual obligations, see the MD&A discussion included in Item 7 of Part II of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2021.

## Cash Flows

The following table presents summarized cash flow data for the nine months ended May 31, 2022 and 2021:

_	Nine Months	Nine Months Ended May 31,			
	2022		2021	Change	
		(Dollars in thousands)			
Net cash used in operating activities	(7,138)	\$	(632,378)	\$ 625,240	
Net cash used in investing activities	(339,888)	)	(177,509)	(162,379)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	355,946		1,012,006	(656,060)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(11,311)	)	(451)	(10,860)	
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ (2,391)	\$	201,668	\$ (204,059)	

Cash flows from operating activities can fluctuate significantly from period to period as a result of various factors, including seasonality and timing differences associated with purchases, sales, taxes and other business decisions. The \$625.2 million decrease in cash used in operating activities primarily reflects increased net income during the first nine months of fiscal 2022 compared to the same period during fiscal 2021.

The \$162.4 million increase in cash used in investing activities primarily reflects timing differences associated with borrowings and payments for CHS Capital notes receivable balances during the first nine months of fiscal 2022 compared to the same period during fiscal 2021.

The \$656.1 million decrease in cash provided by financing activities primarily reflects decreased net cash inflows associated with our notes payable primarily due to paying off our committed revolving credit facility in the third quarter of fiscal 2022 and to a lesser extent decreased net cash inflows associated with our long-term debt facilities as the funding of a \$375.0 million Note Purchase Agreement occurred during the first nine months of fiscal 2021.

## **Preferred Stock**

The following is a summary of our outstanding preferred stock as of May 31, 2022, all shares of which are listed on the Global Select Market of The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC:

_	Nasdaq Symbol	Issuance Date	Shares Outstanding	Re	demption Value	P	Net roceeds (a)	Dividend Rate (b) (c)	Dividend Payment Frequency	Redeemable Beginning (d)
				(Dollars in			lions)			
8% Cumulative Redeemable	CHSCP	(e)	12,272,003	\$	306.8	\$	311.2	8.00 %	Quarterly	7/18/2023
Class B Cumulative Redeemable, Series 1	CHSCO	(f)	21,459,066	\$	536.5	\$	569.3	7.875 %	Quarterly	9/26/2023
Class B Reset Rate Cumulative Redeemable, Series 2	CHSCN	3/11/2014	16,800,000	\$	420.0	\$	406.2	7.10 %	Quarterly	3/31/2024
Class B Reset Rate Cumulative Redeemable, Series 3	CHSCM	9/15/2014	19,700,000	\$	492.5	\$	476.7	6.75 %	Quarterly	9/30/2024
Class B Cumulative Redeemable, Series 4	CHSCL	1/21/2015	20,700,000	\$	517.5	\$	501.0	7.50 %	Quarterly	1/21/2025

- (a) Includes patron equities redeemed with preferred stock.
- (b) Class B Reset Rate Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, Series 2, accumulates dividends at a rate of 7.10% per year until March 31, 2024, and then at a rate equal to the three-month benchmark interest rate plus 4.298%, not to exceed 8.00% per annum, subsequent to March 31, 2024.
- (c) Class B Reset Rate Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, Series 3, accumulates dividends at a rate of 6.75% per year until September 30, 2024, and then at a rate equal to the three-month benchmark interest rate plus 4.155%, not to exceed 8.00% per annum, subsequent to September 30, 2024.
- (d) Preferred stock is redeemable for cash at our option, in whole or in part, at a per-share price equal to the per-share liquidation preference of \$25.00 per share, plus all dividends accumulated and unpaid on that share to and including the date of redemption, beginning on the dates set forth in this column.
- (e) The 8% Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock was issued at various times from 2002 through 2010.
- (f) Shares of Class B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, Series 1, were issued on September 26, 2013, August 25, 2014, March 31, 2016, and March 30, 2017.

# **Critical Accounting Policies**

Other than as described within the Significant Accounting Policies section of Note 1, *Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies*, to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our critical accounting policies as presented in MD&A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2021, have not materially changed during the nine months ended May 31, 2022.

## **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 1, *Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies*, to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a description of recent accounting pronouncements that apply to us.

# ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We did not experience material changes in market risk exposures for the period ended May 31, 2022, that would affect the quantitative and qualitative disclosures presented in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2021.

# ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934), as of May 31, 2022. Based on that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that, as of that date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

# **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There have been no changes in internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended May 31, 2022, that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

For a description of our material pending legal proceedings, please see Note 13, *Commitments and Contingencies*, of the notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements that are included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

# ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2021, except for the risk factors set forth below, which update certain risk factors included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## We are subject to political, economic, legal and other risks of doing business globally.

We are a global business and are exposed to risks associated with having global operations. These risks include, but are not limited to, risks relating to terrorism, war or civil unrest; changes in a country's or region's social, economic or political conditions; changes in local labor conditions and regulations; changes in safety and environmental regulations; changes in regulatory or legal environments; restrictions on currency exchange activities and currency exchange fluctuations; price and export controls or bans on commodities; taxes; doing business in countries or regions with inadequate infrastructure; and logistics challenges. In addition, some countries where we operate lack well-developed legal systems or have not adopted clear legal and regulatory frameworks. This lack of legal certainty exposes our operations to increased risks, including increased difficulty in enforcing our agreements in those jurisdictions and increased risk of adverse actions by local government authorities, such as unilateral or forced renegotiation, modification or nullification of existing agreements or expropriations.

In February 2022, Russia invaded Ukraine. The war resulted in significant uncertainty and instability in the global commodities markets, including agricultural commodities and crude oil. In response to the war, the United States and other North Atlantic Treaty Organization ("NATO") member states, as well as nonmember states, announced economic sanctions targeting Russia and certain Russian citizens and enterprises, including several large banks. The continuation of the war may trigger a series of additional economic and other sanctions enacted by the United States, other NATO member states and other countries. In response, Russia announced export bans on various products, including agricultural commodities, through the end of calendar year 2022. Although we do not maintain operations in Russia, it is a significant source of fertilizer for global markets. Such sanctions have caused inflationary pressures and impacted our ability to purchase fertilizer in the global market. If our ability to purchase fertilizer in the global market continues to be impacted by those sanctions or by other factors, it could have a material adverse effect on our business and operations.

We maintain operations in Ukraine, which is a key international grain originating region. Our operations in Ukraine have been dramatically disrupted because of the war. Some of our Ukrainian employees have been forced to relocate to other countries and within Ukraine, with many unable to perform all or some work duties. The ongoing war could cause harm to our employees and otherwise impair their ability to work for extended periods of time, as well as disrupt telecommunications systems, banks and other critical infrastructure necessary to conduct business in Ukraine. Although we do not have significant fixed assets or infrastructure in Ukraine, we continue to have grain inventory in various facilities in Ukraine. As a result of the war and related export bans on wheat, oats and other staples that were put in place by the Ukrainian government in March 2022, our ability to access or otherwise use these grain inventories in our export business has been limited and is expected to continue to be limited throughout the war.

In addition, the risk of cybersecurity incidents has increased in connection with the ongoing war between Russia and Ukraine. For example, the war has been accompanied by cyberattacks against the Ukrainian government and other countries in the region. It is possible that these attacks could have collateral effects on additional critical infrastructure and financial institutions globally, which could adversely affect our operations. The proliferation of malware from the war into systems unrelated to the war, or cyberattacks against U.S. companies in retaliation for U.S. sanctions against Russia or U.S. support of Ukraine, could also adversely affect our operations.

The current war between Russia and Ukraine could draw military or other intervention from additional countries, which could lead to a much larger war and/or additional sanctions imposed by the United States government and other governments that restrict business with specific persons, organizations or countries with respect to certain products or services.

If such escalation should occur or such sanctions are imposed, supply chain, trade routes and markets currently served by us could be adversely affected, which in turn could materially adversely affect our business operations and financial performance.

The consequences of any U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or other governmental authority's investigation with respect to certain rail freight contracts purchased in connection with our North American grain marketing operations could have an adverse effect on our business.

We have provided an Offer of Settlement to the Staff of the SEC Division of Enforcement relating to an investigation principally involving intentional misconduct by a former employee in our rail freight trading operations who manipulated the quantity and mark-to-market valuation of railcars that were the subject of rail freight purchase contracts. The proposed settlement would be entered into by us pursuant to a proposed Order Instituting Cease-and-Desist Proceedings, Making Findings, and Imposing a Cease-and-Desist Order (the "Proposed Order") without admitting or denying the SEC's findings and would resolve alleged violations of certain of the reporting, books and records and internal accounting controls provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. Under the terms of the proposed settlement, we would not pay a civil penalty and would agree to not commit or cause any future violations of those federal securities laws and related rules and regulations. The Proposed Order also provides that in determining to accept the Offer of Settlement, the SEC considered our cooperation during the investigation and the remedial acts promptly undertaken by us. The proposed settlement is contingent upon approval by the Commissioners of the SEC, which cannot be assured. If the Commissioners of the SEC do not approve the settlement, we may need to enter into further discussions with the SEC regarding a disposition of this matter. As a result, there can be no assurance as to the specific type of disposition, including its impact on our business, prospects, reputation, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. In addition, the expenses incurred in connection with any ongoing investigation by the SEC or any other governmental authority, and diversion of the attention of our management that could occur as a result thereof, could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and/or cash flows.

## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

<b>Exhibit</b>	<u>Description</u>
<u>31.1</u>	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
<u>31.2</u>	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document (the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document).
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

		CHS Inc				
(Registrant)						
Date:	July 7, 2022	By:	/s/ Olivia Nelligan			
			Olivia Nelligan			
			Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer			

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### I, Jay D. Debertin, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended May 31, 2022, of CHS Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be
    designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its
    consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period
    in which this report is being prepared;
  - designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 7, 2022

/s/ Jay D. Debertin

Jay D. Debertin

President and Chief Executive Officer

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

# I, Olivia Nelligan, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended May 31, 2022, of CHS Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be
    designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its
    consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period
    in which this report is being prepared;
  - designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 7, 2022

/s/ Olivia Nelligan

Olivia Nelligan

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of CHS Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended May 31, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Jay D. Debertin, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Jay D. Debertin

Jay D. Debertin
President and Chief Executive Officer
July 7, 2022

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of CHS Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended May 31, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Olivia Nelligan, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Olivia Nelligan

Olivia Nelligan
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
July 7, 2022