CHS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Recommended use

Product identifier Diesel Fuels

Other means of identification

Synonyms Diesel Fuel All Grades (X,D,F) * Cenex Roadmaster XL/ Ruby Fieldmaster (X,D,F) B0-B20 * Dyed

Diesel * #2 ULSD B0-B20 *Cenex Wintermaster* Cenex Roadmaster XL/Ruby Fieldmaster Seasonally Enhanced* Cenex Roadmaster XL/Ruby Fieldmaster #1* * #1 Diesel * Ultra Low

Sulfur Diesel Fuel * Petroleum Distillate *

Recommended restrictions Fuel.

Uses other than the recommended use.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name CHS Inc.

Address P.O. Box 64089 Mail Station 525

> St. Paul, MN 55164-0089 United States of America

Telephone numbers Transportation Emergency (CHEMTREC):

1-800-424-9300 Technical Information: 1-651-355-8443 SDS Information: 1-651-355-8445

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 3

Health hazards Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Carcinogenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 2 (Bone marrow, Liver, Thymus)

exposure

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard

iong-term nazaro

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of causing

cancer. May cause damage to organs (Bone marrow, Liver, Thymus) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic to aquatic life with long

Category 2

lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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Response If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair):

> Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. **Disposal**

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Fuels, diesel	68476-34-6	≥ 80
Fatty acid Methyl Ester (Fame)	68990-52-3	≤ 20
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≤ 0.3
Naphthalene	91-20-3	< 0.25

Composition comments

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. Components not listed are either non-hazardous or are below reportable limits.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

media

Ingestion

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Be aware that symptoms of chemical pneumonia (shortness of breath) may occur several hours after exposure. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Jaundice. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Water runoff can cause environmental damage.

Specific methods General fire hazards Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Flammable liquid and vapor.

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6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. The product is insoluble in water.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Do not store above the following temperature: 113°C (235.4°F). Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

100 mg/m3

10 ppm

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

100-41-4) Fuels, diesel (CAS

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68476-34-6)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Permissible	Exposure Limits (PEL) for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)
Components	Туре	Value

TWA

TWA

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	435 mg/m3	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	100 ppm 50 mg/m3 10 ppm		
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	(TLV) Type	Value	Form	
Ethylbenzene (CAS	TWA	20 ppm		

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Inhalable fraction and

vapor.

Components	Туре		Va	lue	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	IDLH		0.8	8 %	
			800	0 ppm	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	IDLH		0.9	9 %	
			250	O ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to	Chemical Hazards				
Components	Туре		Va	lue	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL		54	5 mg/m3	
			129	5 ppm	
	TWA		43	5 mg/m3	
			100	O ppm	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL		75	mg/m3	
			15	ppm	
	TWA			mg/m3	
			10	ppm	
ogical limit values					
ACGIH Biological Exposure	Indices (BEI)				
	/alue	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	150 mg/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Fuels, diesel (CAS 68476-34-6) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Danger of cutaneous absorption Danger of cutaneous absorption

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Wear chemical splash goggles, face shield, or safety glasses with side shields as appropriate for Eye/face protection

risk of exposure.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Nitrile gloves are recommended. 4-8h break through

time The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can

inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

Skin protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. Long

sleeved clothing. Use of impervious boots is recommended.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure Respiratory protection

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Wear a NIOSH-approved (or equivalent) respirator as needed. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure

compliance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards

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General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. **Form** Liquid.

Clear yellow. Red Color

Characteristic. Hydrocarbon. Odor

Odor threshold Not available.

pН Not applicable (insoluble in water).

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

315 - 649.99 °F (157.22 - 343.33 °C)

140 °F (60 °C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Flash point

Evaporation rate Not available. Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available. Vapor pressure Not available. > 3 (Air = 1)Vapor density

Relative density 0.85

Solubility(ies)

Insoluble. Solubility (water)

Not applicable, product is a mixture. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

Not available. Auto-ignition temperature **Decomposition** temperature Not available. Not available. Viscosity

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive. **Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Reactivity

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or

sources of ignition. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Harmful if inhaled. Inhalation Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Eye contact

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Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Be aware that symptoms of chemical pneumonia (shortness of breath) may occur several hours after exposure. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Jaundice. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Information on toxicological effects

Harmful if inhaled. **Acute toxicity**

Components **Species Test Results**

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 15400 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 17.4 mg/l, 4 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 - 4700 mg/kg

Fuels, diesel (CAS 68476-34-6)

Acute Inhalation

LC50 Rat 4.1 mg/l, 4 hours

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rat > 2500 mg/kg

Inhalation

Vapor

LC50 Rat > 0.4 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 553 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Suspected of causing cancer. Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Fuels, diesel (CAS 68476-34-6) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Bone marrow, Liver, Thymus) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Aspiration hazard May be fatal

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Ethylbenzene (CAS 10	00-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.81 - 2.38 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4.2 mg/l, 96 hours
Chronic			
Crustacea	EC50	Ceriodaphnia dubia	3.6 mg/l, 7 days
Fuels, diesel (CAS 684	476-34-6)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EL50	Daphnia magna	68 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LL50	Oncorhynchus mykiss	65 mg/l, 96 hours
Naphthalene (CAS 91-	-20-3)		
Aquatic			
Algae	EC50	Diatom (Skeletonema costatum)	0.4 mg/l, 72 Hours
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	2.16 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	6.08 mg/l, 96 hours
Chronic			
Crustacea	NOEC	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	0.59 mg/l, 125 days
Fish	NOEC	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	0.37 mg/l, 40 days
Terrestrial			
Bacteria	IC50	Nitrosomonas sp.	29 mg/l, 24 Hours
cictones and degradab	No data is	available on the degradability of this produ	ot .

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

3.15

3.3

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Mobility in soil

The product is insoluble in water.

Other adverse effects

Oil spills are generally hazardous to the environment. The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential. This product contains one or more substances identified as hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) per the US Federal Clean Air Act (see section 15).

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

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disposal.

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14. Transport information

DOT

UN1202 **UN** number Diesel Fuel **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary hazard 3 Label(s) Ш **Packing group Environmental hazards**

> Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

144, B1, IB3, T2, TP1 **Special provisions**

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 203 Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1202 **UN proper shipping name** Diesel Fuel

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 **Subsidiary hazard** Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** Yes **ERG Code** 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number UN1202

UN proper shipping name GAS OIL or DIESEL FUEL or HEATING OIL, LIGHT

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class **Subsidiary hazard** Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant Yes **EmS** F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

Not established.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

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Classified hazard categories

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Aspiration hazard

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≤ 0.3	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	< 0.25	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Fuels, diesel (CAS 68476-34-6) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Fuels, diesel (CAS 68476-34-6) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of

California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004 Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Listed: April 19, 2002

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 22-August-2024

Revision date - 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*

Flammability: 2 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



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Disclaimer

Notice to reader:

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